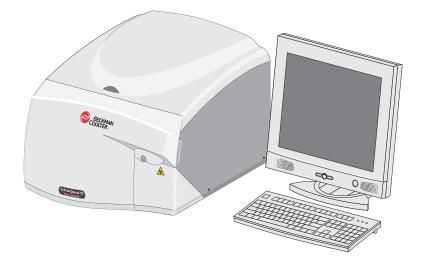
# Cell Lab Quanta SC

# **Instructions for Use**





PN 721742AD (October 2011)



Manufactured for Beckman Coulter, Inc. 250 S. Kraemer Blvd. Brea, CA 92821

# WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

READ ALL PRODUCT MANUALS AND CONSULT WITH BECKMAN COULTER-TRAINED PERSONNEL BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO OPERATE INSTRUMENT. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO PERFORM ANY PROCEDURE BEFORE CAREFULLY READING ALL INSTRUCTIONS. ALWAYS FOLLOW PRODUCT LABELING AND MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. IF IN DOUBT AS TO HOW TO PROCEED IN ANY SITUATION, CONTACT YOUR BECKMAN COULTER REPRESENTATIVE.

#### **HAZARDS AND OPERATIONAL PRECAUTIONS AND LIMITATIONS**

WARNINGS, CAUTIONS, and IMPORTANTS alert you as follows:

- **WARNING** Can cause injury.
- **CAUTION** Can cause damage to the instrument.
- **IMPORTANT** Can cause misleading results.

BECKMAN COULTER, INC. URGES ITS CUSTOMERS TO COMPLY WITH ALL NATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY STANDARDS SUCH AS THE USE OF BARRIER PROTECTION. THIS MAY INCLUDE, BUT IT IS NOT LIMITED TO, PROTECTIVE EYEWEAR, GLOVES, AND SUITABLE LABORATORY ATTIRE WHEN OPERATING OR MAINTAINING THIS OR ANY OTHER AUTOMATED LABORATORY ANALYZER.

**WARNING** Risk of operator injury if:

- All doors, covers and panels are not closed and secured in place prior to and during instrument operation.
- The integrity of safety interlocks and sensors is compromised.
- Instrument alarms and error messages are not acknowledged and acted upon.
- You contact moving parts.
- You mishandle broken parts.
- Doors, covers and panels are not opened, closed, removed and/or replaced with care.
- Improper tools are used for troubleshooting.

#### To avoid injury:

- Keep doors, covers and panels closed and secured in place while the instrument is in use.
- Take full advantage of the safety features of the instrument. Do not defeat safety interlocks and sensors.
- Acknowledge and act upon instrument alarms and error messages.
- Keep away from moving parts.
- Report any broken parts to your Beckman Coulter Representative.
- Open/remove and close/replace doors, covers and panels with care.
- Use the proper tools when troubleshooting.

**CAUTION** System integrity might be compromised and operational failures might occur if:

- This equipment is used in a manner other than specified. Operate the instrument as instructed in the Product Manuals.
- You introduce software that is not authorized by Beckman Coulter into your computer. Only operate your system's computer with software authorized by Beckman Coulter.
- You install software that is not an original copyrighted version. Only use software that is an original copyrighted version to prevent virus contamination.

**IMPORTANT** If you purchased this product from anyone other than Beckman Coulter or an authorized Beckman Coulter distributor, and, if it is not presently under a Beckman Coulter service maintenance agreement, Beckman Coulter cannot guarantee that the product is fitted with the most current mandatory engineering revisions or that you will receive the most current information bulletins concerning the product. If you purchased this product from a third party and would like further information concerning this topic, call your Beckman Coulter Representative.

**Initial Issue A**, **10/05** Software Version 1.0

Issue AA, 11/08

Software Version 1.0

Revision AA contains updates or new information in the following chapters:

- Chapter 1:
  - Updates to the laser warning labels instructions, and graphic depicting location of all of these labels. See Heading 1.6, WARNING LABELS AND PRECAUTIONS section.
  - Updates to Table 1.1, List of Approved Reagents, under Heading 1.8, REAGENTS.
  - Indicates the BCI website to access reagent information and search by Reagent Name or Part Number, under Heading 1.8, REAGENTS.
  - Indicates the BCI website to access Cell Lab Quanta System Application Notes, under Heading 1.8, REAGENTS.
  - Added instructions for three new warning labels:
    - Heading 1.6, WARNING LABELS AND PRECAUTIONS
- Chapter 4:
  - Updates to Table 4.7, Cups Approved for Use , under Heading 4.2, CUPS

**Issue AB, 07/09** Software Version 1.0 Revision AB contains an update to the new corporate address.

Issue AC, 03/10

Software Version 1.0

Revision AC contains updates or new information in the following chapters:

- Cover page:
  - Replaced the manufacturer's symbol to show the Brea, California address.
- Chapter 1:
  - Replaced the label on the rear of the instrument to show the Brea, CA address.
- Chapter 4:
  - Updated Table 4.1, Absolute Count Performance Specifications under Heading 4.1, PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS.
- Chapter 7:
  - Added an important notice under the Playing Back Files section.
  - Updated the following sections: Create/Delete Protocol Groups, Assign a User to a Protocol Group and Remove a User Assigned to a Protocol Group.

#### Issue AD, 10/11

Software Version 1.0.

Changes were made to pages 2-3.

Note: Changes that are part of the most recent revision are indicated in text by a bar in the margin of the amended page.

This document applies to the latest software listed and higher versions. When a subsequent software version affects the information in this document, a new issue will be released to the Beckman Coulter website. For labeling updates, go to www.beckmancoulter.com and download the latest version of the manual or system help for your instrument



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### CONTENTS

### **OVERVIEW**

This introductory section contains the following topics:

- ABOUT THIS MANUAL
- CONVENTIONS, and
- GRAPHICS.

### **ABOUT THIS MANUAL**

The manual covers the description, installation, operation and maintenance of the Cell Lab Quanta<sup>TM</sup> SC system.

The information in your Quanta SC Instructions For Use manual is organized as follows:

- Chapter 1, USE AND FUNCTION Contains a short description of the major instrument components and options, and the reagents and quality control materials used.
- Chapter 2, INSTALLATION
   Contains instrument requirements, and diagrams of the interunit cable connections.
- Chapter 3, OPERATION PRINCIPLES Contains a brief description of how the system uses light scatter analysis to perform cellular enumeration.
- Chapter 4, SPECIFICATIONS Details the instrument and performance specifications.
- Chapter 5, GETTING STARTED Provides information needed to get started, including Powering Up and Powering Down.
- Chapter 6, DAILY ROUTINE Provides instructions for procedures that need to be done daily, including Start Up and Shut Down.
- Chapter 7, SOFTWARE Provides details on how to use the software.
- Chapter 8, QUALITY CONTROL Provides information on how to run quality control material to verify instrument setup.
- Chapter 9, SAMPLE ANALYSIS Provides information on how to run patient samples.
- Chapter 10, CLEANING/REPLACEMENT Provides information on cleaning and replacement procedures.
- Chapter 11, TROUBLESHOOTING Provides information on error messaging and instrument troubleshooting guide.
- INDEX Provides page numbers for indexed information.

### CONVENTIONS

### **Text Conventions**

- **Bold font** indicates a software option, such as **Startup**.
- *Italics font* indicates screen text displayed on the instrument, such as *Run Shutdown*.
- A Note contains supplemental information.
- An ATTENTION contains information that is important to remember or helpful when performing a procedure.
- The terms "screen" and "window' are used interchangeably.
- Quanta is used interchangeably with Quanta SC System and instrument.
- *Bold, italics font* indicates a procedure heading.

### **Graphic Conventions**

- U indicates "select" with or "click" the left mouse button.
- **D D** indicates double-click with the left mouse button.
- U indicates "click" the right mouse button.

## SYMBOLS

### **Safety Symbols**

Safety symbols alert you to potentially dangerous conditions. These symbols, together with text, apply to specific procedures and appear as needed throughout this manual.

Symbol	Warning Condition	Action		
	<b>Biohazard</b> . Consider all materials (specimens, reagents, controls, and calibrators, and so forth) and areas these materials come into contact with as being potentially infectious.	rth) and follow safe laboratory		
4	<b>Electrical shock hazard</b> . Possibility of electrical shock when instrument is plugged in to the power source.	Before continuing, unplug the instrument from the electrical outlet.		
	<b>Hot Surface hazard</b> . Possibility of injury from a hot surface.	Before continuing, use caution when touching a surface that may be hot.		
	<b>Light hazard</b> . Consider all light sources and light emissions as being potentially hazardous to your eyes.	Before continuing, verify that you are wearing the proper protective eye wear to avoid damage to your eyes from beams of light. Never look directly into a beam of light.		
	<b>Laser hazard</b> . Consider all laser sources as being potentially hazardous to your eyes.	Before continuing, verify that you are wearing the proper protective eye wear to avoid damage to your eyes from beams of light. Never look directly into a beam of light.		
	<b>International warning</b> . Whenever this symbol is present, refer to the product labeling for detailed description of the warning.	Before continuing, verify that you have read and understood the warning described in the product labeling.		
ABETIRAA	WEEE International warning. Whenever this symbol is present, refer to local disposal requirements in the event that the labeled parts need replacement or disposal.	Before continuing, please contact your dealer or local Beckman Coulter office for proper decontamination information and take back program to facilitate the proper collection, treatment, recovery, recycling, and safe disposal of device.		

### GRAPHICS

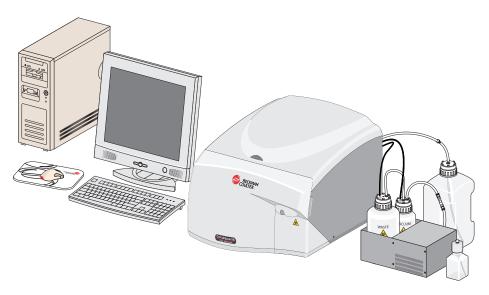
All graphics, including screens and printouts, are for illustration purposes only and must not be used for any other purpose.

INTRODUCTION Graphics

# 1.1 SYSTEM OVERVIEW

Figure 1.1 shows the Cell Lab Quanta SC system. The Quanta SC system is a three-color flow cytometer, which provides the additional sizing parameter of Electronic Volume (EV) and the granularity differentiating parameter of Side Scatter. Two light sources are provided; the mercury arc lamp and the 488 nm solid state laser.

### Figure 1.1 Quanta SC System

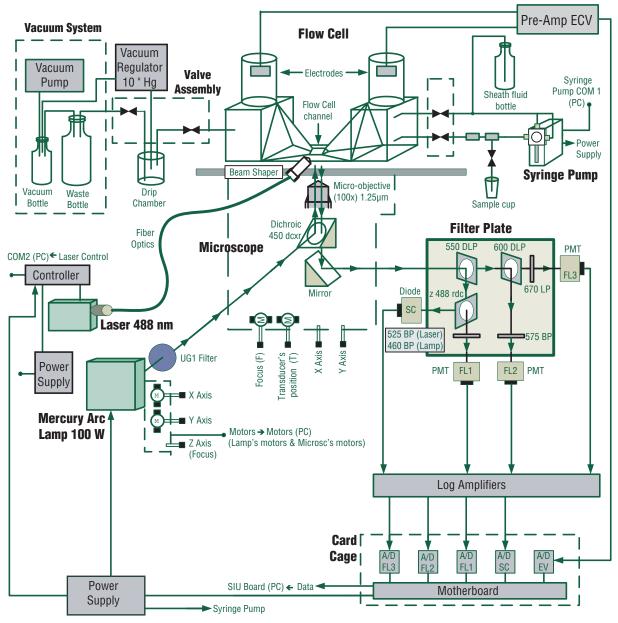


# 1.2 INTENDED USE

The Cell Lab Quanta SC instrument is intended for General Laboratory Use. The instrument simultaneously measures the fluorescence and electronic volume (EV) based on the Coulter Principle.<sup>1</sup>

## 1.3 QUANTA SC SYSTEM OVERVIEW

Figure 1.2 shows the major components of the Quanta instrument.

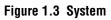


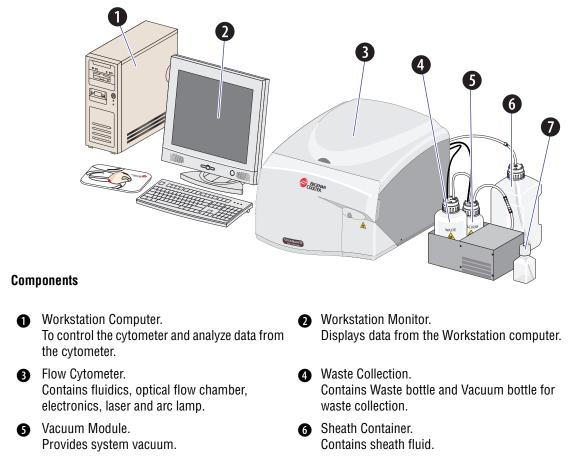


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### **1.4 SYSTEM COMPONENTS**

See Figure 1.3





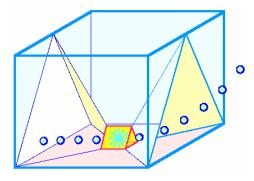
Shutdown Solution.
 Contains shutdown solution.

PN 721742AD

### 1.5 PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

Electronic volume (EV) and optical measurements are made simultaneously in the same spatial location consisting of a flow cell with an equilateral triangular cross section. See Figure 1.4.





This triangular flow geometry produces large hydrodynamic forces that focus the sample stream to the center of the triangular aperture and allows the simultaneous collection of optical and electronic volume measurements.

The optical system consists of a 100X oil immersion micro-objective with a numerical aperture of 1.25 used to collect the fluorescence emission. A 100 W stabilized arc lamp with wavelengths of 365, 404, and 435; and a 488 nm laser are used as the light sources for the florescence measurements. The fluorescence signals are collected with photomultiplier tubes.

The fluidics system is controlled with a metering pump, which also consists of 17 computer-controlled valves that automatically perform all the sample handling and flushing operations. Fluid transfer is accomplished by vacuum.

### 1.6 WARNING LABELS AND PRECAUTIONS

The Cell Lab Quanta SC system contains a 100-Watt Arc Lamp (Figure 1.5) emitting high intensity heat and a 488 nm diode laser (Figure 1.6). The instrument, therefore, may pose certain hazards associated with this lamp and laser if misused.

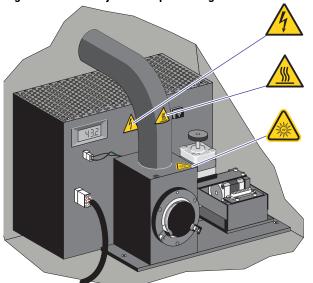
#### **Mercury Arc Lamp**



**WARNING** The Arc Lamp has power to 100 W and is accessible when the instrument cover is opened. Avoid contact with the lamp.

When operating the instrument with the cover opened, coming into contact with the Arc Lamp may cause severe burns. Avoid coming into contact with the lamp.

To avoid injury: Limit access to the inside of the instrument while the lamp is turned on to only those occasions when there is an absolute need to open the instrument cover (Start Up or Calibration). Never look directly into the lamp.





#### Laser

The Cell Lab Quanta SC is a Class I laser product.



**WARNING** Avoid direct exposure to the beam.

Reflected laser light can be as damaging as the original beam. Remove rings, watchbands, metal pens, pendants and any other reflective accessories from hands and clothing.

Eye and skin exposure to direct and reflected laser light is hazardous and may be extremely harmful.

Ensure that all mirrors and optics are securely positioned and fixed. Prevent stray reflections from other surfaces.

Do not place reflective objects in the laser beam.

Limit access to the laser to personnel who are familiar with the equipment. The laser must not be installed, operated or repaired by inexperience or untrained personnel.

Do not open the Controller or Laser Head enclosure for any reason. Always return the units to the manufacturer for repair.

Provide bright light around the laser equipment to reduce the operator's pupil size.

Always wear eye protection appropriate to the beam wavelength and intensity when in the vicinity of the laser equipment. **Note**: Glasses may make the beam invisible, increasing the risk of skin burns.

The laser equipment must be turned off when not in use.

Never operate the unit in the presence of flammable gases or fumes.

Laser radiation may be emitted from the end of the fiber optic cable. Never look directly into the fiber while the laser is ON.

Figure 1.6 Laser Warning Labels

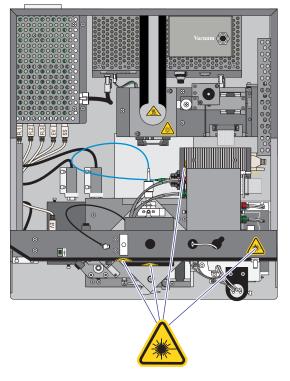
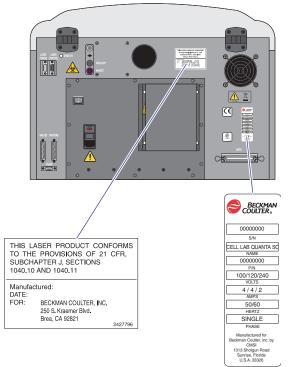


Figure 1.7 Laser Warning Labels



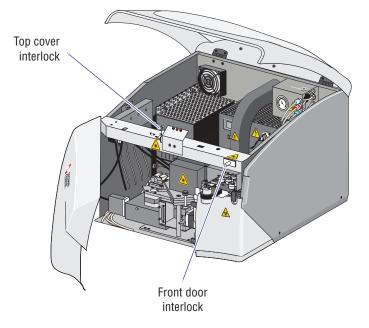
#### Laser Interlocks



**WARNING** Risk of personal injury if the laser safety interlock is bypassed. Do not tamper with the laser interlock unless otherwise instructed in this manual.

Figure 1.8 shows the laser interlocks.

#### Figure 1.8 Laser Interlocks



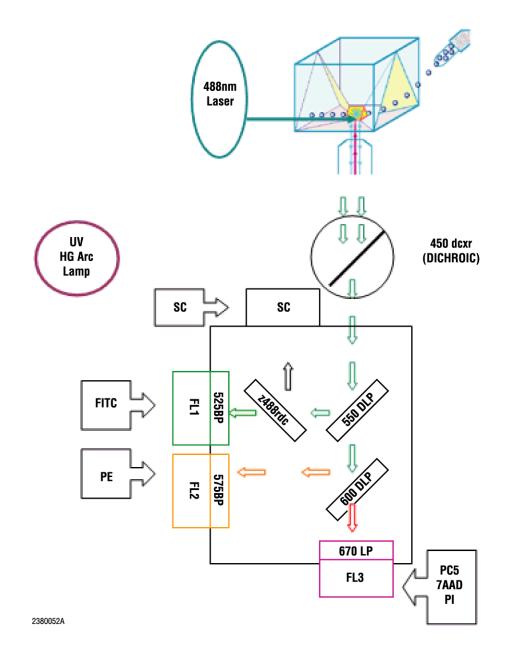
### **Handling Precautions**

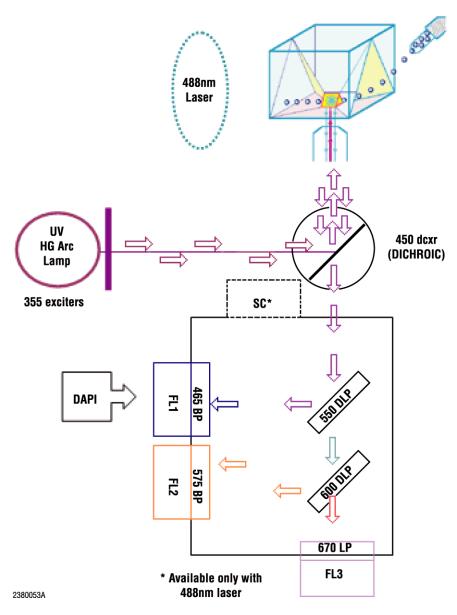
Proper handling procedures for samples and reagents used in flow cytometry analysis should be adhered to at all times. Consult appropriate Material Safety Data Sheets for all diluents and reagents used.

### 1.7 OPTIONS

### **Hardware Options**

Figure 1.9 Optical Filter Configuration -- Laser 488 nm





### Figure 1.10 Optical Filter Configuration -- Lamp 365 nm

### **Flow Cell Configurations**

Description	Configuration	
Standard	125 x 125 µm	

### Jumper Positions for Different Size Particles µm

Flow Cell Aperture µm	Particle Size limits µm	Recommended EV Jumper Position for different Size Particles µm*		Suggested particles to be analyzed	
		L	М	S	
125	3-40	15-40	10-15	3-10	Cells, large beads

\* Sample mean size is depicted in the above table for Electronic Volume (EV)

### **Light Source Configuration**

Quanta SC Systems configuration contains both light sources, Mercury Arc Lamp and the 488 nm Laser with side scatter and three fluorescence parameters.

**IMPORTANT** Erroneous results can occur if both light systems (Mercury Arc Lamp and 488 nm Laser) are active at the same time. Ensure that the appropriate light source is selected during the startup procedure, refer to Heading 6.1, PERFORM STARTUP for detailed instructions.

### Printer

A printer is not supplied with the instrument but is available as an option.

### 1.8 REAGENTS

Do not use any reagents that are not compatible with the specific wetted surfaces of the sample instrument, such as non-aqueous solvents.

For a list of approved reagents for use on this system, see Table 1.1.

Table 1.1	List of Approved Reagents	
-----------	---------------------------	--

Reagent Name	Part Number	
IsoFlow Sheath Fluid 1x10L	8546859	
IsoFlow Sheath Fluid 4x1.8L	8547008	
Marine Iso-Diluent 10 L	731088	
Shutdown Solution 5 L	629968	
Cleaning Solution Kit	629969	
COULTER CLENZ 500 mL	8546929	
COULTER CLENZ 5 L	8546930	
COULTER CLENZ 10 L	8546931	

### **1.9 CONTROLS AND INDICATORS**

For details, see the following illustrations:

- Figure 1.11, Inside the Instrument: Controls and Indicators
- Figure 1.12, Vacuum Regulator: Controls and Indicators
- Figure 1.13, Jumper Positions: Controls and Indicators.

#### Figure 1.11 Inside the Instrument: Controls and Indicators

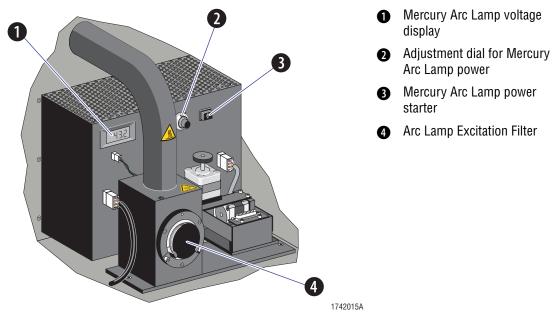
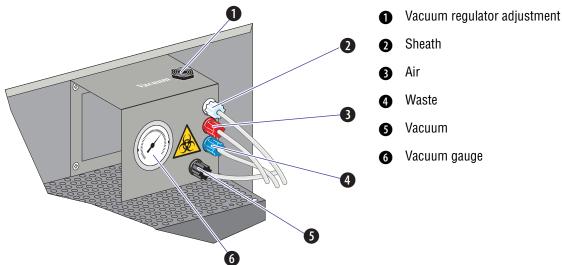
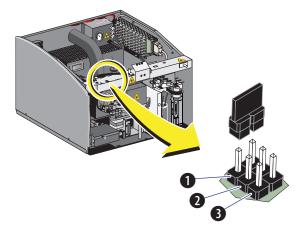
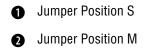


Figure 1.12 Vacuum Regulator: Controls and Indicators



### Figure 1.13 Jumper Positions: Controls and Indicators





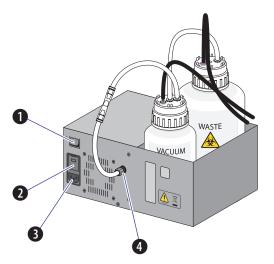
**3** Jumper Position L

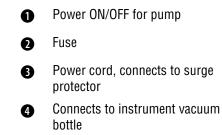
### Waste Bottle and Vacuum Bottle

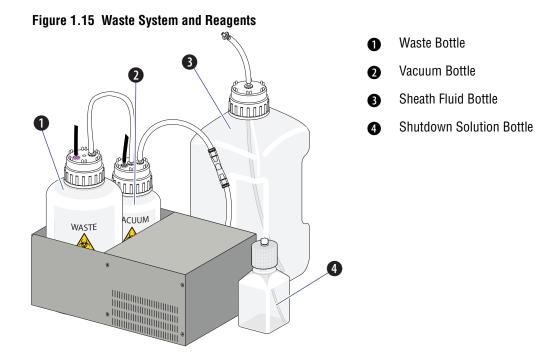
For details see the following illustrations:

- Figure 1.14, Reservoirs: Controls and Indicators
- Figure 1.15, Waste System and Reagents

#### Figure 1.14 Reservoirs: Controls and Indicators

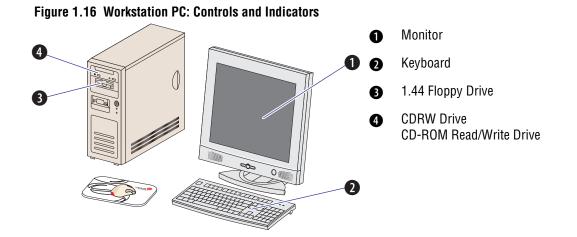






### PC

See Figure 1.16.



### 1.10 MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (MSDS)

To obtain an MSDS for reagents used on this system:

- 1. On the internet, go to http://www.beckmancoulter.com:
  - a. Select MSDS from the Customer Support drop-down menu.
  - b. Follow the instructions on the screen
  - c. Contact your Beckman Coulter Representative if you have difficulty locating the information.
- 2. If you do not have internet access:
  - In the USA, either call Beckman Coulter Customer Operations (800-526-7694) or write to:

Beckman Coulter, Inc. Attention: MSDS Requests P.O. BOX 169015 Miami, FL 33116-9015

• Outside the USA, contact your Beckman Coulter Representative.

**USE AND FUNCTION** MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (MSDS)

### 2.1 DELIVERY INSPECTION

The instrument is tested before shipping. International symbols and special handling instructions are printed on the shipping cartons to inform the carrier of the precautions and care applicable to electronic instruments.

**CAUTION** Possible instrument damage could occur if you uncrate the instrument, install it, or set it up. Keep the instrument in its packaging until your Beckman Coulter Representative uncrates it for installation and setup.

When you receive your instrument, carefully inspect all cartons. If you see signs of mishandling or damage, file a claim with the carrier immediately. If separately insured, file the claim with the insurance company.

### 2.2 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

Before your system is installed, determine where you want the system placed. Consider the following:

- Space and Accessibility
- Installation Category
- Electrical Input
- Ambient Temperature and Humidity
- Heat Dissipation
- Drainage

### Space and Accessibility

Allow room to interconnect the system components. Consider:

- A comfortable working height
- Adequate space for ventilation, and access for maintenance and service
- Placement of the system so that:
  - the vents are not blocked and proper airflow is allowed
  - the system is at least 6 inches from any wall or object, such as a filing cabinet or other instrument.
- Proper electrical requirements in the location chosen for system placement. To prevent electrical shock, be sure to plug equipment into properly grounded electrical outlets.
- Once the computer and the system have been setup, store the shipping boxes in a dry area.

#### Table 2.1 System Dimensions and Accessibility

Specifications	Instrument	Workstation Monitor	Workstation Computer*
Height	44.5 cm (17.5 in.)	43.3 cm (17.1 in.)	43.18 cm (17 in.)
Clearance above for servicing	48.3 cm (19 in.) min.	N/A	
Total clearance needed	92.3 cm (36.5 in.)	43.3 cm (17.1 in.)	
Width	55.9 cm (22 in.)	42.2 cm (16.6 in.)	20.32 cm (8 in.)
Clearance on right for servicing	15.2 cm (6 in.)	N/A	
Clearance on left for servicing	15.2 cm (6 in.) min.	N/A	
Total clearance needed	86.3 cm (34 in.)	42.2 cm (16.6 in.)	
Depth	70.5 cm (27.8 in.)	17.6 cm (6.9 in.)	43.18 cm (17 in.)
Clearance behind instrument for sufficient cooling and room for servicing	15.2 cm (6 in.)	N/A	
Total clearance needed	85.7 cm (33.8 in.)	17.6 cm (6.9 in.)	
Weight	34.9 kg (77 lbs)	5.6 kg (12.4 lbs)	5.0 kg (11 lbs)
Sound Pressure Level	<85 dBA	<85 dBA	<85 dBA
*Workstation Computer must be p	laced on the floor.		•

**Note:** Keep all shipping containers in case your system needs to be shipped to Beckman Coulter, Inc. for repair.

### **Installation Category**

Category II (per IEC 1010-1 standard). Pollution degree 2.

## **Electrical Input**



**CAUTION** Possible instrument damage could occur if you plug the Quanta SC System on the same electrical circuit as another instrument or use an extension cord or a power strip to connect the Quanta SC System. Use a dedicated outlet with isolated ground for the Quanta SC System plug.

AC Input Specifications Instrument	Voltage Rating: 100/120 VAC	Voltage Rating: 220/240 VAC
	Current Rating: 6 A	Current Rating: 3 A
	Frequency Rating: 50/60 Hz	Frequency Rating: 50/60 Hz
	Connection Type: IEC 320/C14	Connection Type: IEC 320/C14
AC Input Specifications Pump Station	Voltage Rating: 100/120 VAC	Voltage Rating: 220/240 VAC
	Current Rating: 6 A	Current Rating: 3 A
	Frequency Rating: 50/60 Hz	Frequency Rating: 50/60 Hz
	Connection Type: IEC 320/C14	Connection Type: IEC 320/C14
AC Input Specifications Computer	Voltage Rating: 100/120 VAC	Voltage Rating: 220/240 VAC
	Current Rating: 6 A	Current Rating: 3 A
	Frequency Rating: 50/60 Hz	Frequency Rating: 50/60 Hz
	Connection Type: IEC 320/C14	Connection Type: IEC 320/C14

#### Ambient Temperature and Humidity

This device is intended for indoor use only.

Keep the room temperature between  $16^{\circ}$ C and  $29^{\circ}$ C ( $60^{\circ}$ F and  $84^{\circ}$ F), and do not let it change more than  $3^{\circ}$ C ( $5^{\circ}$ F) since the last alignment verification. Keep the humidity between 30% and 80%, without condensation. Maximum Altitude 2000m.

## **Heat Dissipation**

Heat dissipation is 500 W (1,706 Btu/hour) for the total system. Provide sufficient air conditioning (refer to Ambient Temperature and Humidity).

# Drainage



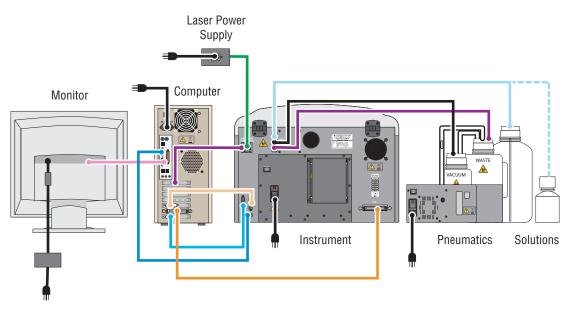
**WARNING** Risk of biohazardous contamination if you have skin contact with the waste container or vacuum bottle, its contents, and its associated tubing. The waste container and its associated tubing might contain residual biological material and must be handled with care. Clean up spills immediately. Dispose of the contents of the waste container in accordance with your local regulations and acceptable laboratory procedures.

The waste line from the Cytometer is connected to a waste bottle, which sits next to the vacuum module. Dispose of the waste in accordance with your local environmental regulations and acceptable laboratory procedures.

# 2.3 INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

Your system will be installed by a Beckman Coulter Representative.

## **Interunit Connections**



# **Lifting and Carrying**

**WARNING** Possible operator injury. One person only should not lift the instrument. Lifting handles are not provided and the instrument weighs over 40 lbs. Lifting of the instrument should only be done by a minimum of two persons following the requisite safety precautions.

# 3.1 OVERVIEW

The Quanta SC System is a three-color flow cytometer, which provides the additional sizing parameter of Electronic Volume (EV), and the granularity differentiating parameter of side scatter.

The Quanta SC System uses a triangular flow cell (Figure 1.4) filled with conductive sheath liquid. Cells suspended in a weak electrolyte solution are drawn through a small aperture that separates two electrodes between which a slight current flows. As each cell passes through the electrical sensing zone of the aperture, the cell displaces its own volume of conducting liquid, momentarily increasing the impedance. This change in resistance produces a voltage pulse large enough to accurately measure; the Coulter Principle states that the amplitude of this pulse is directly proportional to the volume of the cell. The Coulter Principle, which is not affected by shape, color, or refractive index, is the accepted reference method for cell and particle counting and sizing.

A lamp or laser light source is used to excite fluorescent dyes attached to the particles. This light is directed toward the aperture in the flow cell.

As particles pass through the light source, the dye emission is reflected to a mirror and then to filters that direct the fluorescent light in turn to three PMTs (FL1, FL2 and FL3). The PMTs generate voltage pulses proportional to the amount of fluorescence.

If the laser is ON, then laser light bounces off the particles as they pass through the laser light. The light which bounces off at a right angle is passed to the side scatter detector. This detector also generates a voltage pulse proportional to the amount of light which bounced off the particle.

The Electronic Volume (EV) pulse, fluorescent pulse(s) and the side scatter pulse are amplified, digitized and then analyzed for pulse height. The pulse height of each measurement is then used to create the plots seen on the main screen.

A suspension of cells or particles, of precise volume, is drawn through the orifice of an aperture. A slight current is maintained, by two electrodes, across the orifice. Single cell suspensions enter the "sensing zone" resulting in an increase in resistance ultimately producing a voltage pulse proportional to the volume of the cell or particle. This measurement is not affected by color, shape, or refractive index of the sample. The Coulter Principle is the reference method for automated cell counting and sizing.

# 3.2 SAMPLE FLOW

When a sample is placed on the Cell Lab Quanta SC instrument and the **Start** button is selected, the metering pump aspirates the sample from the sample cup into the sample loop (holding station for the sample). Once the sample is in the sample loop, the sample is then boosted from the sample loop to the entrance of the flow cell.

When the sample is at the entrance of the flow cell, the metering pump slows the sample down to allow the triangulating forces of the sheath flow to line the particles in the sample up as they pass through the flow cell. Once a stable flow has been achieved, the software begins data collection.

Data collection continues until the user manually stops it, a user defined stop criteria is met, or the volume of sample that was aspirated into the sample loop has been dispensed through the flow cell.

After a stop criteria is met or the sample volume has been dispensed, several automated post sample processes may occur. These can include:

- Saving the file to disk
- Printing a file report
- Recovering the remaining sample into sample cup
- Rinsing the fluidics to prepare for the next sample.

# 4.1 PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

# **Absolute Count**

Table 4.1	Absolute C	ount Perf	ormance S	pecifications
10010 4.1	710001010 0	Jount 1 On	ormanoo o	poornoutiono

Description	Specification
Accuracy	± 5%
Reproducibility (CV)	< 5%
Concentration	$3 \times 10^4$ to $2 \times 10^6$ particles per mL.
	<b>ATTENTION:</b> For greatest accuracy, samples should have a concentration in the range of $2.5 \times 10^5$ to $2 \times 10^6$ particles per mL.

# Fluorescence

#### Table 4.2 Fluorescence Performance Specifications

Description	Specification
Resolution	$\leq$ 2.5% HPCV using TRBC DNA Reference Calibrator in linear scale with NIM-DAPI and the mercury arc lamp
nesolution	$\leq$ 3% HPCV using COULTER Flow-Check Fluorospheres in linear scale with the 488 laser

# Sizing

Table 4.3	Sizing	Performance
-----------	--------	-------------

Description	Specification
Sizing	Electronic impedance with a measurement range of 3.0 to 40 microns diameter with the standard 125 $\mu m$ flow cell.

## **Optics**

#### Table 4.4 Optics Performance

Description	Specification (in nms)	
Excitation*	365, 404 or 435 arc excitation and a 488 nm laser *May only operate one light source at a time.	
Fluorescence Detectors	3 Ultra Sensitive Photomultipliers tube	
Optical Alignment	Automated Computer Controlled	
Optical Coupling	1.25 NA oil immersion objective	
Scatter	Solid State Photo Diode	

## **Parameters**

- Fluorescence 1 Linear/Log display
- Fluorescence 2 Linear/Log display
- Fluorescence 3 Linear/Log display
- Side Scatter Linear/Log display
- EV Linear display
- Time display
- Counts per mL display
- Calculated Fluorescence Surface Density (FSD)/ Fluorescence Concentration (FC) display

# **Calculated Parameters**

The following parameters take advantage of the Coulter Volume used in Flow Cytometry:

- FC Fluorescent Concentration
- FSD Fluorescent Surface Density

FC and FSD are parameters calculated for every data point, and the calculation is treated as a parameter for display, as well as statistics.

## FC and FSD Relevance

FC and FSD are relevant whenever the quantity of stain is proportional to the size of the particle (that is, when a bigger particle will allow for more staining than a smaller particle). If this is the case, then FC (used for internal markers) or FSD (used for external markers) can normalize the fluorescence to stain density, instead of total quantity of stain.

When the quantity of stain is proportional to the size of the particle the stain density (FC and FSD) can help to separate populations that blend together using the total fluorescent measurement.

#### **Mathematical Definitions**

FC = Fluorescent Channel/Volume Channel FSD = Fluorescent Channel/(Volume Channel)^(2/3)

To get Surface Area of a Sphere from the Volume:

Volume = 4/3Pi R^3 Surface Area = 4Pi R^2 Surface Area = Volume^(2/3) \* 4Pi\*(3/(4\*Pi)) ^ (2/3)

The surface area is equal to 2/3 root of the volume times a constant. For arbitrary channel assignment, constants can be ignored as they are equivalent to gain.

## Numeric Range of FSD and FC

The range of FC and FSD parameters is the addition of the range of the Fluorescent and Volume parameters which are the basis of the calculation.

FC range = 1/EV max channel to FL Max Channel FSD range = 1/(EV max channel)^2/3 to FL Max Channel

If EV is 1000 linear channels, and FL is 4 decades of Log then: FC range = .001 to 10000 (7 decades) FSD range = .01 to 10000 (6 decades)

### **FSD and FC Calibration**

The FSD parameter can be calibrated to Antigen Density assuming that the stain density is directly proportional to the Antigen Density.

The FC parameter can be calibrated for Absolute Concentration (the concentration of the item that the internal marker binds to). This also assumes that the stain concentration is proportional to the concentration of the item being calibrated.

The FC parameter may also be calibrated for NPE (Nuclear Packing Efficiency). This is the inverse of the Absolute Concentration, and is specific for Cell Nuclei.

#### **Possible FSD and FC Calculation Errors**

The FSD parameter assumes the particle is spherical when calculating the surface area. If the particle is not spherical, then the ratio of the volume to the surface area may not match the calculated parameter which uses the 2/3 root of the volume to calculate the surface area.

#### Software

- Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows<sup>®</sup> XP Professional
- Microsoft Office
- FCS 2.0 Generated Files

#### Fluidics

#### **Table 4.5 Fluidics Specifications**

Description	Specification
Flow Cell	Patented 125 µm triangular flow cell (standard)
Sample Rate	4.17 μL to 100 μL per minute for 125 μm
Valves	Computer-controlled fluidics system
Delivery System	Vacuum pump/motorized metering pump
Minimum Sample Size	150 μL
Maximum Sample Size	2 mL
Carryover	< 1% from one specimen to another when $\#$ of gated events is between 100 and 10,000.

# **Installation Requirements**

#### Table 4.6 Installation Requirements

Description	Specification
Power	100 Vac, 120 Vac, or 220 Vac, 50/60 cycles
Wattage Consumed	500 watts (total system)
Operating Temperature	between 16°C and 29°C (60°F and 84°F)
Physical Dimensions	22 W x 28 D x 18 H (in.)
	56 W x 71 D x 45 H (cm)
Instrument Weight*	34.9 kg (77 lbs)
	* Workstation weight is separate and varies with the workstation components manufacturers.

# 4.2 CUPS

The Quanta SC System analyzes samples in cups.

Beckman Coulter does not recommend the use of one cup in preference to another nor guarantees the acceptability of the sample cup to produce quality results. If you need information on a sample cup not listed here, contact your Beckman Coulter Representative.

#### Table 4.7 Cups Approved for Use

Cup Size	Manufacturer	Part Number
4 mL Note: Maximum Sample Volume, 2 mL	Beckman Coulter, Inc.	383721

# 4.3 FLOW CELL

The standard flow cell is 125  $\mu m.$ 

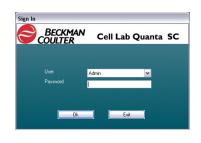
# 5.1 POWERING UP THE SYSTEM

# Turn On the Instrument and the Computer

- **1** Power ON the Workstation computer.
- **2** Launch the Cell Lab Quanta SC software.

Cell Lab Quanta SC

**3** If the Sign-In window appears, select the User ID from the drop-down list and enter password. For additional information regarding User IDs and passwords, refer to Heading 7.12, WORKING WITH THE SECURITY MENU.



**4** Run the startup item from the Instrument Menu, and follow the steps as prompted. Refer to Heading 6.1, PERFORM STARTUP for detailed instructions regarding instrument startup.

# 5.2 INTRODUCTION TO THE QUANTA SC SOFTWARE

## Overview

Cell Lab Quanta SC software is compatible with Microsoft Windows XP based systems. The Analysis software functions include:

- Data Collection
- Instrument Control
- Data Analysis
- Acquisition
- Reporting
- Gating

- Statistical Analysis
- Alignment
- Listmode Playback
- Calculate EV
- Printing
- Compensation

#### **Microsoft Windows Basics**

#### Desktop

After your Workstation is powered up and runs through its routines, the Windows desktop (Figure 5.1) appears. Because desktops can be customized, yours may look different. Beckman Coulter, Inc. recommends that the Windows scheme set up on your Workstation at installation be maintained and not altered.

	Figure	5.1	Desktop
--	--------	-----	---------



#### Windows Password

The Cell Lab Quanta SC software is password protected and log on specific which protects against unauthorized changes to your data or system. This protection is provided at the application level only and does not apply to the Microsoft Windows XP Operating System (OS).

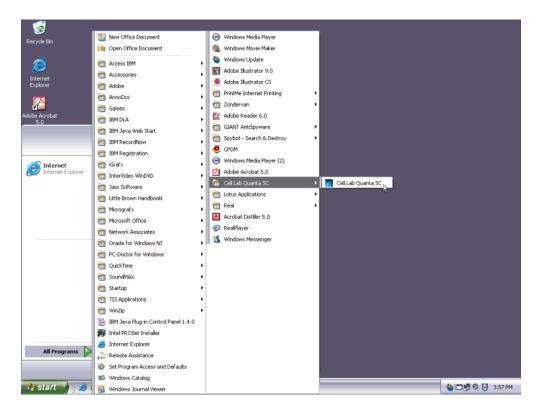
Beckman Coulter recommends that you utilize the Microsoft Windows password and screen saver password if you are concerned about protecting unauthorized changes to data files as well as OS settings. Refer to your Microsoft Windows documentation or contact your Network Administrator should you have difficulties setting the appropriate permissions for a user ID.

#### Launching the Software

You can either launch the software from the Start menu or from your Windows desktop.

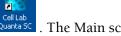
#### To Launch from the Start Menu

- 🚮 Start 1.
- All Programs → Cell Lab Quanta SC → Cell Lab Quanta SC. The Main screen (Figure 5.2) 2. appears.



#### To Launch from the Desktop

From the Windows desktop,

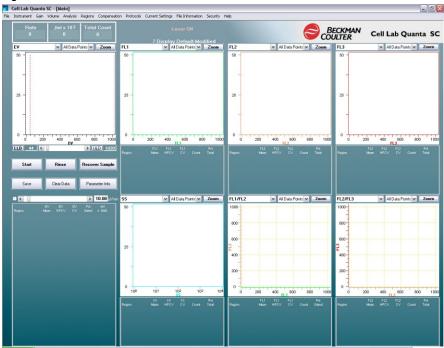


Cell Lab Quanta 5C . The Main screen (Figure 5.2) appears.

# **Main Screen**

When you launch the software, the Main screen (Figure 5.2) appears. The Main menu (Figure 5.3) appears at the top of the screen. For details about the Main screen, see Heading 7.1, UNDERSTANDING THE MAIN SCREEN.





#### Main Menu

See Figure 5.3.

#### Figure 5.3 Main Menu



## **Menu Options**

The Main menu options include:

- File Menu
- Instrument Menu
- Gain Menu
- Volume Menu
- Analysis Menu
- Regions Screen
- Compensation Screen
- Protocols Screen
- Current Settings Screen

5

- File Information Screen
- Security Menu
- Help Menu

#### File Menu

When you **File** from the Main menu (Figure 5.4), appears. For details about this menu, see Heading 7.2, WORKING WITH THE FILE MENU.

#### Figure 5.4 File Menu

File

S	ave
A	uto Save
Р	layback
Р	layback Options
E	xcel Report
E	xport Data to Excel
Р	rint
E	×it

#### **Instrument Menu**

When you **Instrument** from the Main menu, Figure 5.5 appears. For details about this menu, see Heading 7.3, WORKING WITH THE INSTRUMENT MENU.

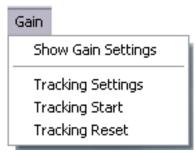
#### Figure 5.5 Instrument Menu

Instrument				
Start Up				
Shut Down				
Power Setting				
Cleaning Cycle				
Flush (F)				
Fill Cup				
Reset Fluid Count				
Instrument Setup				
Laser Control				
Import Settings				
Manual Optical Alignment				
Auto Optical Alignment				

#### Gain Menu

When you **Cain** from the Main menu, Figure 5.6 appears. For details about this menu, see Heading 7.4, WORKING WITH THE GAIN MENU.

#### Figure 5.6 Gain Menu



#### Volume Menu

When you **Volume** from the Main menu, Figure 5.7 appears. For details about this menu, see Heading 7.5, WORKING WITH THE VOLUME MENU.

#### Figure 5.7 Volume Menu



#### **Analysis Menu**

When you **U** Analysis from the Main menu, Figure 5.8 appears. For details about this menu, see Heading 7.6, WORKING WITH THE ANALYSIS MENU.

#### Figure 5.8 Analysis Menu

Analysis

Parameter Ratio Analysis

Data Flag Settings

## **Regions Screen**

When you **PRegions** from the Main menu, Figure 5.9 appears. For details about this menu, see Heading 7.7, WORKING WITH THE REGIONS MENU.

#### Figure 5.9 Regions Screen

Regions									
				Regio	ns				
					0 None		~		
		egion Name	P	egion Type	First	erameter	Second Par	ameter	1
	Ok		New	Edit		Delete	Sta	tistics	

#### **Compensation Screen**

When you **Compensation** from the Main menu, Figure 5.11 appears. For details about this menu, see Heading 7.9, WORKING WITH THE MANAGE PROTOCOLS SCREEN.

#### Figure 5.10 Compensation Screen

Compensation Se	ettings						×
Compensation Settings							
Display Compensate Move Zero Channel Save Compensated Save Uncompensate Save Both Compens	Compensated Data Only ed Data				Saved Compen 03/24/2005	sation Setting Compensation 1	٦
FL1 = FL1 FL2 = FL2 FL3 = FL3							
Compen	sation Matrix						
	FL1	FL2	FL3				
FL1 Compensation	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
FL2 Compensation	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
FL3 Compensation	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
Clear Values	Set FL1 Control	Set FL2 Control	Set FL3 Control		Load	Save	elete
		Set			Cancel		

#### **Protocols Screen**

When you **Protocols** from the Main menu, Figure 5.11 appears. For details about this menu, see Heading 7.9, WORKING WITH THE MANAGE PROTOCOLS SCREEN.

#### Figure 5.11 Protocols Screen

Reveal Management	
Protocol	Management
Collapse Expand Group Main Categories Categories	Description
System 5 Display Default 7 Display Default Apoptosis Arc Lamp Align Cell Cycle Compensation Counting Laser Align Viability	
Load Protocol Create New Save Settings	Delete Save description Cancel

#### **Current Settings Screen**

When you **Current Instrument Settings** from the Main menu, Figure 5.12 appears. For details about this menu, see Heading 7.10, WORKING WITH THE CURRENT SETTINGS SCREEN.

Figure 5.12 Current Instrument Settings Window

Current Instrument Se	
Start Time (Seconds) 10 📻	Auto Track Quick Rinse Time Baseline Offset Show Region Labels Setup Mode Volume Size Range* Small
Auto Rinse	Save Excel Files 🛛
	Create
Microscope Dichroic	# of Displays 5
FL1 Emission Filter FL2 Emission Filter FL3 Emission Filter	
	Add Date to Directory Path Auto Rinse Auto Rinse Auto Recover Sample Microscope Dichroic FL1 Emission Filter FL2 Emission Filter

#### **File Information Screen**

When you **Pile Information** from the Main menu, Figure 5.13 appears. For details about this menu, see Heading 7.11, WORKING WITH THE FILE INFORMATION SCREEN.

#### Figure 5.13 File Information Screen

🔀 File Information				×
	F	ile Information		
File Name	New File	Date	09/15/2005	
Sample ID	140001110	Begining Time		
Tissue Type		Ending Time		
Patient/Sample Descri	iption			
		_		
Experiment Initiator	160			
Sample Preparation				
		_		
Sample Size		0 Original Sample C	Concentration /ml	
Dilution Volume		0	0	
Comment				
	Ok	Clear	Cancel	

# **Security Menu**

When you **Security** from the Main menu, Figure 5.15 appears. For details about this menu, see Heading 7.12, WORKING WITH THE SECURITY MENU.

#### Figure 5.14 Security Menu

# Security Change Password Manage Users Modify Database Path

#### Help Menu

When you **Help** from the Main menu, Figure 5.15 appears. For details about this menu, see Heading 7.13, WORKING WITH THE HELP MENU.

#### Figure 5.15 Help Menu



## **Closing a Window or Closing the Software**

Throughout this manual, you may be instructed to close a software window or to close (shutdown) the Quanta software. For details, see:

- Closing a Window
- Closing the Software

#### **Closing a Window**

To close an open software window and leave the software open,  $\bigcup$  on the window to close. The previous window appears.

#### **Closing the Software**

To close the Quanta software entirely and return to the Windows desktop, U is from the Main screen. Your Windows desktop appears.

# 5.3 POWERING DOWN THE SYSTEM

## **Turn Instrument and Workstation OFF**

- **1** Prior to powering down the system, perform shutdown procedure, see Heading 6.3, PERFORM SHUTDOWN.
- **2** Close the Quanta software (see Closing the Software.)
- 3 At the Workstation, <sup>●</sup> Instart → Shutdown or TURN OFF.
- **4** Allow the system time to shut down.
- **5** Turn off the PC and monitor.

PLACING A CUP ON THE INSTRUMENT

# 5.4 PLACING A CUP ON THE INSTRUMENT

Perform this procedure to place a sample cup securely on the instrument at the sample stage (Figure ).

Sample Stage



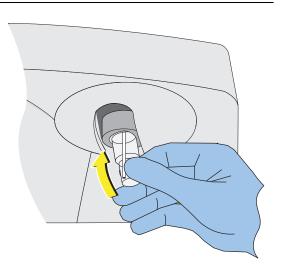


**WARNING** Risk of contact with biohazardous material if you use a cup not approved for use on this instrument. Only use approved cups listed in Table 4.7.

5

- **1** Place the cup on the instrument:
  - a. Introduce cup so that the probe(1) is inserted in the cup.
  - b. Tilt the cup and push up so that the cup (2) is secure in the holder.

c. Push up until the cup is completely secure.



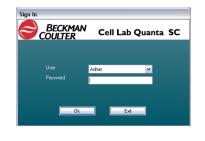
**2** When you are certain the cup is secure, release it so that it is supported by the holder.

**GETTING STARTED** *PLACING A CUP ON THE INSTRUMENT* 

# 6.1 PERFORM STARTUP

Perform this procedure at the beginning of each day and after switching between light sources or filters.

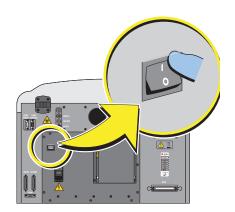
- **1** Verify correct filters are installed for the selected application and light source.
- **2** Power ON the Workstation computer.
- **3** Launch the Cell Lab Quanta SC software.
- 4 Once the Quanta software has launched, the following screen appears if a username and password are required. For additional information regarding User IDs and passwords, refer to Heading 7.12, WORKING WITH THE SECURITY MENU.

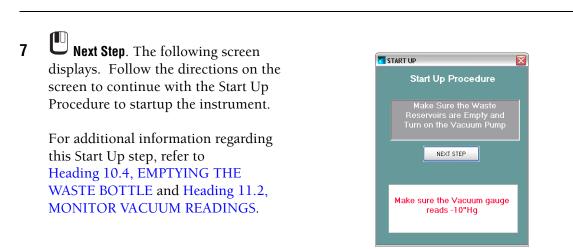


5 Unstrument → Start Up. The following screen appears.



**6** Turn ON the Quanta instrument.





**Next Step**. The following screen displays. Follow the directions on the screen to continue with the Start Up Procedure to startup the instrument.

Refer to Figure 1.15, Waste System and Reagents to locate the appropriate containers.



8

**9 Next Step**. The following screen displays. Follow the directions on the screen to continue with the Start Up Procedure to startup the instrument.



**CAUTION** Possible damage to the instrument if Mercury Arc Lamp power starter is continuously depressed after visible light is evident. Do not continue to depress the Mercury Arc Lamp power starter after observing visible light.

**CAUTION** Possible damage or reduced bulb life expectancy if Mercury Arc Lamp is ignited when lamp is HOT. If the Mercury Arc Lamp is turned OFF for any reason, including brief power failures, the lamp must be allowed to cool before reignition. Wait at least 15-20 minutes before attempting to reignite Mercury Arc Lamp. Very high or unstable CVs or HPCVs may occur as the result of a damaged Mercury Arc Lamp.

**IMPORTANT** Possible erroneous results if laser is operated with a laser base temperature  $>7^{\circ}C$  (45°C) above ambient. Operating the laser at a temperature  $>7^{\circ}C$  (45°C) above ambient may result in high HPCVs and CVs and/or the gain and voltage may have to be adjusted significantly from original settings.

**IMPORTANT** Erroneous results can occur if both light systems are active at the same time. Ensure that the appropriate light source is selected during the startup procedure.

**10** Next Step. The following screen displays. Follow the directions on the screen to continue with the Start Up Procedure to startup the instrument.



# 6.2 RUN QC (QUALITY CONTROL) SAMPLES

Beckman Coulter recommends the use of QC materials to gauge instrument performance of reportable parameters. See Chapter 8, QUALITY CONTROL for details.

# 6.3 PERFORM SHUTDOWN

Perform this procedure at the end of each day.

Note: COULTER CLENZ can be used as the shutdown fluid if the instrument will be shutdown for a time period not to exceed one (1) day.

**CAUTION** Risk of damage to the instrument if you exit the Quanta application or turn off the instrument and computer without performing the Shutdown procedure. Perform the Shutdown procedure before you exit the Quanta application or turn off the instrument and computer to prevent damage to the instrument.

1 Unstrument → ShutDown. The following screen displays. Follow the directions on the screen to continue with the Shut Down Procedure to shutdown the instrument.

Refer to Figure 1.14, Reservoirs: Controls and Indicators to locate the appropriate containers.

**CAUTION** Instrument damage can occur if instrument is shut down for more than one (1) day using COULTER Clenz as the shutdown solution. Use Shutdown Solution, referenced in Table 1.1, List of Approved Reagents.

#### 🔣 Shut Down

Add 2ml of Cleaning Solution to a sample cup, using a sample filter, and place on the instrument.

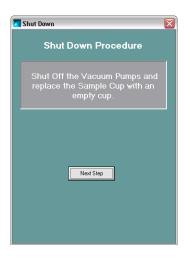
Connect the tubing from the Sheath Bottle to the Shut Down Bottle.

NEXT STEP

Make sure the Shut Down bottle has 150ml of Shutdown Fluid and that the Sheath Bottle is sealed.

2 **Next Step**. The following screen displays. Follow the directions on the screen to continue with the Shut Down Procedure to shutdown the instrument.

Refer to Figure 1.14, Reservoirs: Controls and Indicators to locate the appropriate containers.

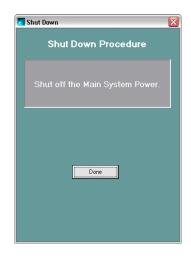


3 **Next Step**. The following screen displays. Follow the directions on the screen to continue with the Shut Down Procedure to shutdown the instrument.

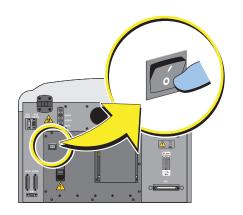
Refer to Figure 1.14, Reservoirs: Controls and Indicators to locate the appropriate containers and Heading 10.4, EMPTYING THE WASTE BOTTLE for proper waste removal.



4 **C** Next Step. The following screen displays. Follow the directions on the screen to continue with the Shut Down Procedure to shutdown the instrument.



**5** Turn OFF the Quanta instrument.



DAILY ROUTINE PERFORM SHUTDOWN

# 7.1 UNDERSTANDING THE MAIN SCREEN

The Main screen (Figure 7.1) can display up to ten graphs which may be either single or dual parameter. The seven graph display includes statistics under each graph for its corresponding regions. The X-axis of the first display is always the primary (trigger) parameter. The following parameters are available for collection:

- FL1 (Fluorescent Channel 1)
- FL2 (Fluorescent Channel 2)
- FL3 (Fluorescent Channel 3)
- SS (Side Scatter)
- EV (Electronic Volume)
- Time (must be selected on the Current Setting screen; see Heading 7.10, WORKING WITH THE CURRENT SETTINGS SCREEN); only displayed in the dual-parameter scatterplots.





Main menu (see Figure 5.3) Select a region to be the gate for the display a A or select All Data Points. If a region is selected from the drop down list, then only data points within that region are shown on the display. Zoom button: Show pop-up screens that Message area that displays the Laser state, ß 4 enlarge the display of the histograms and the Compensation state, Data Flags and Protocol scatterplots. Use the slide bar on the left side to Name, as appropriate. adjust the Y-axis scale for single-parameter Note: If the settings are modified after a histograms. protocol is loaded, (modified) appears after the protocol name. Display areas for the parameter selected from Region statistics for the display directly 6 6 the parameter drop down list. located above area. The Main screen can display up to 10 graphs, each of which may be single or dual parameters, see Setting Up the Instrument for detailed instructions. Region statistics, gain and tracking windows Flow Rate Control bar: Controls the flow rate 8 ด are displayed in this area. of the sample through the instrument. If the box is checked beside the bar, the instrument automatically adjusts the flow rate to keep the count rate constant during the sample run Parameter Information button displays the Clear Data button resets the total count and 9 D Parameter Information dialog which allows erases all data points collected up to that users to customize certain parameter point. This should only be done if the data properties (Name, Color, etc.). For additional collected is no longer desired. The rinse information about this dialog, see Parameter automatically does this between samples. Information. Save button saves the listmode data file in FCS Aspirates sample into the instrument and Ð Ø 2.0 format to the operating system. begins data collection. Rinse button cleans the fluidics and prepares B A the instrument for the next sample.

begins data collection.
 Lower Level Discriminator (LLD)/Upper Level Discriminator (ULD) bar: activates the scroll bar allowing you to adjust the selected discriminator value. Setting these values is important for every experiment.

Coordinate discriminator values with gain adjustments on the front of the instrument.

In most cases, the LLD should be set to a level where the noise signal is not visible or just slightly visible on the graph.

**IMPORTANT** Risk of invalid data collection or lost data if the discriminator values are not properly set.

7

Recover Sample button allows most of the sample that was aspirated into the instrument to be recovered from the sample loop. You can recover sample even if the run volume has been completely dispensed.

**IMPORTANT** Misleading results can occur due to the potential of dilution. Use care when selecting Auto Recover Sample.

Drop down list of parameters available for collection, includes: FL1, FL2, FL3, EV, SS, Time, FLn-FSD, FLn-FC.

> **Note**: FLn represents either FL1, FL2 or FL3. FSD (Fluorescence Surface Density); FC (Fluorescence Concentration).

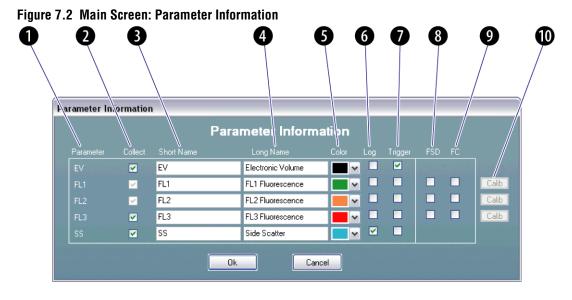
X-axis is the primary parameter display; triggers data collection and determines which events are collected. There are five settings for this button: EV, FL1, FL2, FL3, SS.

#### Note:

- If this graph is set to FL1, FL2, or FL3 and fluorescence is not detected during data acquisitions, no data is collected.
- If the setting is for EV and no volume data is detected, no data is collected.
- If the setting is for SS and no side scatter is detected, no data is collected.
- Counting Display: Displays the count rate, concentration/mL x 10<sup>3</sup>, and total count of what is being collected while the sample is running.

#### **Parameter Information**

The Parameter Information button displays a dialog box with the list of available parameters allowing the user to customize certain fields.



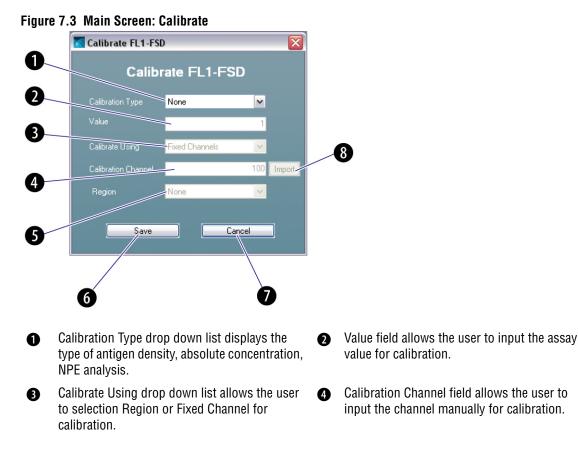
• Parameter lists the available parameters for collection.

- Short Name allows the user to customize the parameter name for buttons and labels; name length is limited to 9 characters.
- 2 Collect checkbox allows the user to select which parameters are to be collected.
- Long Name is saved to the FCS listmode file as \$PnS keyword.

Color drop down list allows the user to select a Log checkbox switches the parameter 6 6 default color assigned to the histogram data. between linear and logarithmic data collection. **IMPORTANT** Misleading results can occur if the same color is assigned to parameters and regions. Do not assign the same color to a parameter if region has been assigned duplicate color. Trigger checkbox determines the primary FSD checkbox determines the fluorescence Ø 8 signal of the parameter to be used for FSD parameter. data collection. Note: FSD or FC, not both, can be checked. FC checkbox determines the fluorescence Calib (Calibration) button when pressed Ø D signal of the parameter to be used for FC data allows calibration of FSD for antigen density collection. or FC for NPE and absolute concentration fluorescence ratios, see Figure 7.3. Note: FSD or FC, not both, can be checked.

## **Calibrate FSD or FC**

For detailed information regarding the FSD or FC calculated parameter, refer to Calculated Parameters found in Chapter 4.



Save button saves your settings and returns

Import button allows the user to import the

current value of the selected region to be

to the Parameter Information dialog.

used for calibration

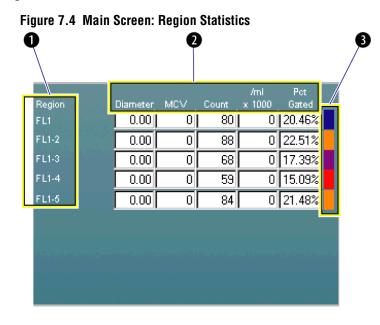
6

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7

- 6 Region drop down list allows the user to select a region around the standard to be used for calibration.
- Cancel button returns you to the Parameter Information dialog with updating the settings.

# **Region Statistics**



- Region name can be double-clicked to edit the region, see Heading 7.7, WORKING WITH THE REGIONS MENU.
- Oouble-clicking the desired parameter color displays the Region Statistics screen, see Heading 7.7, WORKING WITH THE REGIONS MENU.
- Column header names can be double-clicked to edit the heading label.

# 7.2 WORKING WITH THE FILE MENU

The File menu (Figure 5.4) allows you to save files, playback files, generate reports, export data, and print files.

A

For details, see:

- Saving Listmode (.LMD) Files
- Auto Save Option
- Playing Back Files
- Defining Playback Options
- Generating a Microsoft Excel Report
- Exporting Data to Excel

- Printing
- Exiting (Closing) the Application

# Saving Listmode (.LMD) Files

Perform this procedure to save the data to the disk as a listmode FCS 2.0 file.

1 U File → Save.

**2** Select the desired folder where you want the file to be saved.

Select the File	name to Save					? 🔽
Save in:	🕒 My Document	\$	~	G 🦻	بي 🥲	•
My Recent Documents	Adobe					
Desktop						
My Documents						
My Computer KCDD8N0						
<b>S</b>	File name:	New File			~	Save
My Network	Save as type:	List Mode Data (*.LMD)			~	Cancel

**3** Type the file name.



## Auto Save Option

Perform this procedure to automatically save or print results as defined in Heading 7.10, WORKING WITH THE CURRENT SETTINGS SCREEN. When enabled, this option allows for the LMD file, reports, Excel Files to be saved or printed and to perform flagging if Data Flags were defined.

# 1 U File → Auto Save.

Note: When Auto Save is unavailable, it will appear gray in the File Menu.

**2** Browse to indicate the location where the files are to be stored.

### **Playing Back Files**

Perform this procedure to simulate running files that have previously been run. You can also modify the file and re-save it with the new information.

**IMPORTANT** Erroneous results can occur if using FCS 2.0 files that have been generated on other systems, other than the Quanta instruments.



- **2** Select the desired file to be played back:
  - a. Locate the file in the appropriate folder.
  - b. Select the file.



**3** During file playback, a slider appears on the left of the first histogram that allows you to control the speed of the file playback.

Note: Return to normal operation of acquiring data from the instrument by  $\bigcup$  File  $\mapsto$  Normal Mode.

### **Defining Playback Options**

Perform this procedure to define playback options, which allow you to customize the playback information. The options include:

**Quick Playback** allows you to view the results of a past run without having to wait through the length of collection time.

**Playback Regions**, **Playback Volume**, and **Playback Compensation Value** (when selected) play back the chosen file using the file's original settings. If these options are not selected, the files play back using the instrument's current settings.

# 1 $\mathbf{U}$ File $\mapsto$ Playback Options.

- 2 Select the desired playback options: Playback Options next to the desired option. a. Playback Options appears when the option is b. selected. Playback Regions  $\checkmark$ Note: To deselect an option, U Playback Volume ~ Playback Compensation Values until 🗖 appears. 0K Cancel
- **3 U OK** to save the options.

## **Generating a Microsoft Excel Report**

Perform this procedure to generate an Excel report based on the currently selected Template file, see Heading 7.10, WORKING WITH THE CURRENT SETTINGS SCREEN. If no Template is selected in the protocol, then one of the Standard Template files will be used based on the number of parameters configured, or you can create a customer Template file.

**1 U File → Excel Report**. to open the currently selected Excel template populated with the active File Information.

### **Exporting Data to Excel**

Perform this procedure to send raw listmode data to an Excel file.

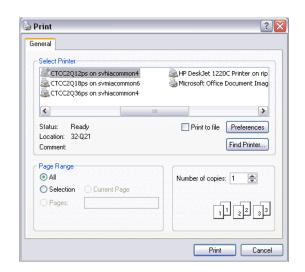
1  $\square$  File  $\Rightarrow$  Export Data to Excel.

### Printing

Perform this procedure to print. If you want file information printed along with the data.

1 U File → Print.

**2** Select the desired printer and print settings.



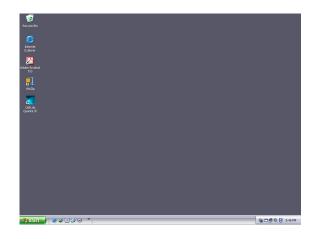
# 3 Print.

## **Exiting (Closing) the Application**

Perform this procedure to close the application, which automatically sends a Valves Off command to the instrument.



**2** Your Windows desktop appears after the Quanta software is closed.



# 7.3 WORKING WITH THE INSTRUMENT MENU

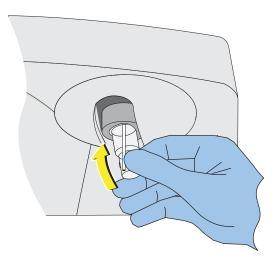
The Instrument menu (Figure 5.5) allows you to do the following procedures. This menu is disabled after playing back a listmode file; select File ► Normal Mode to end Playback Mode.

- Start Up
- Shut Down
- Defining the Power Setting
- Running the Cleaning Cycle
- Flushing
- Fill Cup
- Resetting Fluid Count
- Setting Up the Instrument
- Importing Settings
- Automatically Aligning the Optics

# Start Up

Perform this procedure to do a Start Up routine on the instrument.

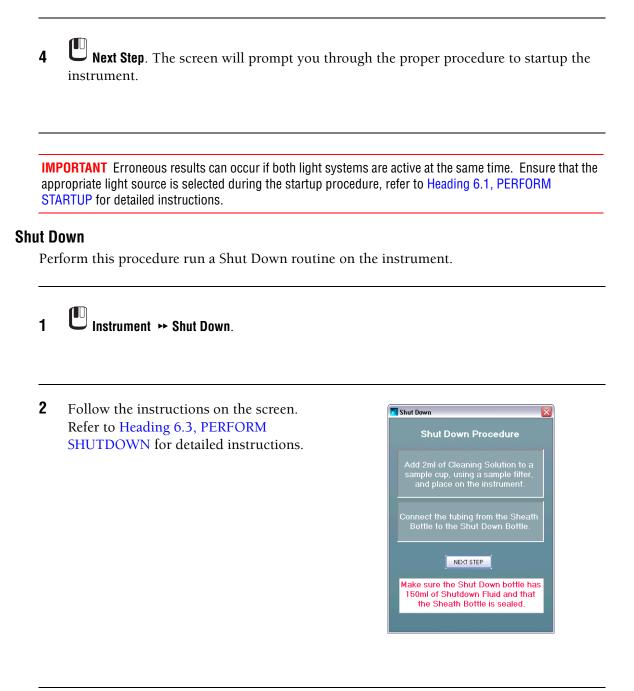
**1** Place an empty sample cup on the instrument.



2 UInstrument → Start Up.

**3** Follow the instructions on the screen. Refer to Heading 6.1, PERFORM STARTUP for detailed instructions.





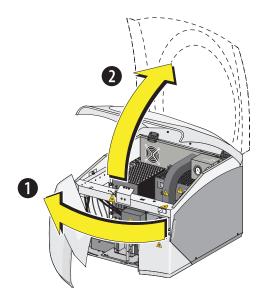
**3 U** Next Step. The screen will prompt you through the proper procedure to shutdown the instrument, see Heading 6.3, PERFORM SHUTDOWN.

## **Defining the Power Setting**

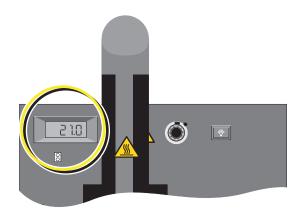
After the lamp has completed its initial warm up cycle of about 20 minutes, perform this procedure once weekly to define the correct setting for the arc lamp potentiometer located on the power supply next to the voltage display.



**2** Open the cover.

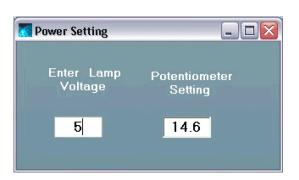


**3** Obtain the current voltage from the power supply inside the instrument. Voltage reading should be between 19-28 volts.

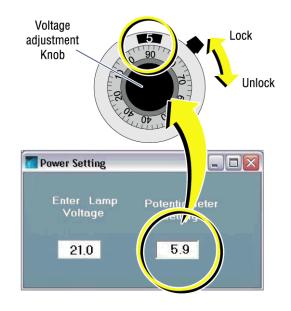


7

**4** Type the lamp voltage; notice that the Potentiometer Setting automatically changes.



**5** Set the Potentiometer to the new Potentiometer setting value.

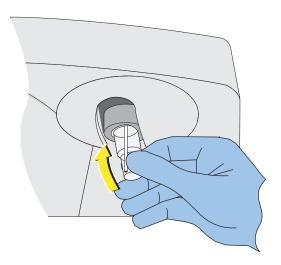


**6** Record the lamp potentiometer setting in the instrument logbook per your laboratory requirements.

## **Running the Cleaning Cycle**

Perform this procedure to remove flow cell clogs. The system runs the cleaning solution through the aperture at a high speed.

**1** Place an empty sample cup on the instrument.



2 Unstrument → Cleaning Cycle. The following screen displays. Follow the directions on the screen to continue with the Cleaning Procedure.



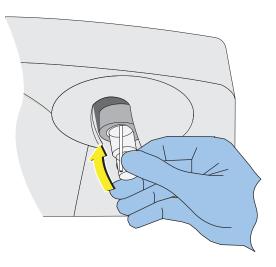
**3 UNext Step**. The following screen displays. Follow the directions on the screen to continue with the Cleaning Procedure.



## Flushing

Perform this procedure to empty fluid from the electrodes and certain areas of the flow cell and to refill the locations. The system does this by running sheath fluid through the flow cell at a high speed.

**1** Place an empty sample cup on the instrument.

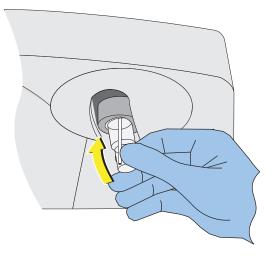


2 Unstrument → Flush (F).

## Fill Cup

Perform this procedure to fill the sample cup with diluent.

**1** Place an empty sample cup on the instrument.



2 Unstrument → Fill Cup.

## **Resetting Fluid Count**

1

Perform this procedure to reset the fluid count after the sheath bottle has been emptied and re-filled or after the waste container has been emptied to ensure proper level sensor monitoring.

■ Instrument ➤ Reset Fluid Count.

2	U <sub>ok.</sub>	Quanta 🛛 🕅
2	U OK.	The Fluid Count for the Waste Reservoirs and Sheath Bottle have been reset.
		ОК

## Setting Up the Instrument

Only your Beckman Coulter Representative can perform this procedure to define the instrument settings. For additional information on the Instrument Setup screen, see Understanding the Instrument Setup Screen.

1 Unstrument → Instrument Setup.

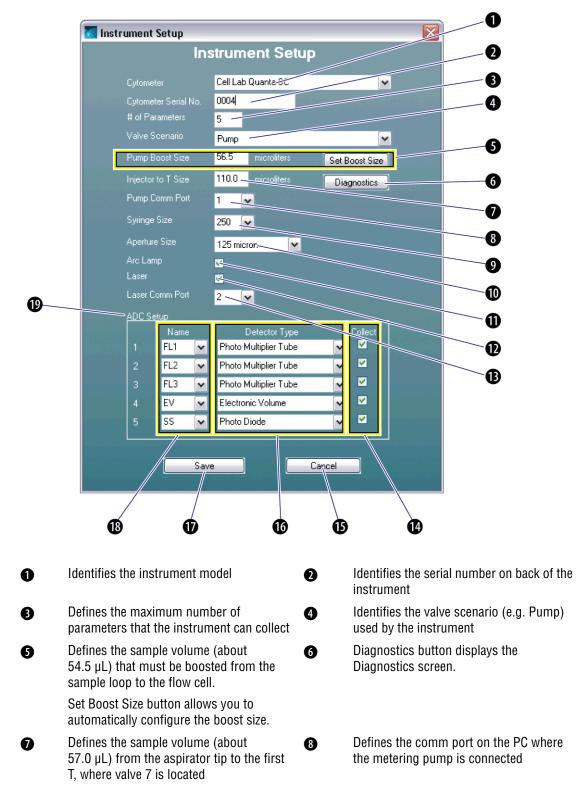
**2** This screen is displayed for reference information only. The user cannot modify any settings which appear on this screen display.

🕵 Instrument Setup 🛛 🛛 🔀											
Instrument Setup											
	Cytomete			Cell Lab Quanta SC					<b>~</b>		
					0004						
	# of Para			5							
				Pump							
	Pump Bo	ost Siza		56.5	microliters		(a				
							Set Bo	oost Size			
				110.0			Diag	nostics			
	Pump Co	mm Port		1							
	Syringe S			250	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>						
				125 micron							
	Arc Lamp			✓							
				<b>V</b>							
	Laser Co	mm Port		2							
	ADC Set	qu									
		Name			Detector Typ			Collect			
		FL1	~	Photo N	fultiplier Tub		~	<b>V</b>			
		FL2	~	Photo N	fultiplier Tube	•	~	<b>~</b>			
		FL3	~	Photo N	lultiplier Tube		~	<b>V</b>			
		EV	~	Electron	nic Volume		~	<b>~</b>			
	5	SS	~	Photo D	)iode		~	<b>~</b>			
		r		1	_						
			Save			Ca	ncel				

### **Understanding the Instrument Setup Screen**

See Figure 7.5.

Figure 7.5 Instrument Setup Screen: Defined



Indicates (when checked) that a laser is

Collect checkbox turns ADC on or off. These options are available to Service

Detector Type drop down list provides the detection options for each parameter to be collected. These options are available to

Parameter Name drop down list allows the selection of the parameter to be used for collection. These options are available to

Defines the aperture size

present on the instrument

only.

Service only.

Service only.

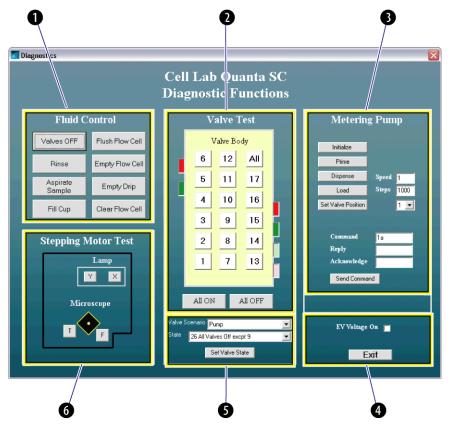


9	Defines the syringe size	0
0	Indicates (when checked) that an arc lamp is present on the instrument	₽
₿	Defines the com port on the PC where the laser is connected	1
<b>()</b>	Cancels unsaved settings.	ſ
Ø	Saves settings.	18
Ø	ADC Setup box contains configurable parameter name, detector type and on/off checkbox. These options are available to Service only.	

## Understanding the Diagnostic Functions Screen

See Figure 7.6.





**CAUTION** Instrument damage can occur if diagnostics functions are attempted by the user without supervision of a Beckman Coulter Representative. Do not attempt to perform these Diagnostic Functions without direction from a Beckman Coulter Representative.

This section is used to activate different 0 0 This section is used to individually verify fluidics functionality. functionality of the valves or different programmed valve scenarios. This section is used to activate, control This section is used to activate, control ß 4 and manage the syringe pump and manage the syringe pump performance. performance. This section is used to individually verify 6 6 This section is used to activate the four functionality of the valves or different stepping motors for Auto Alignment and programmed valve scenarios. Lamp functions.

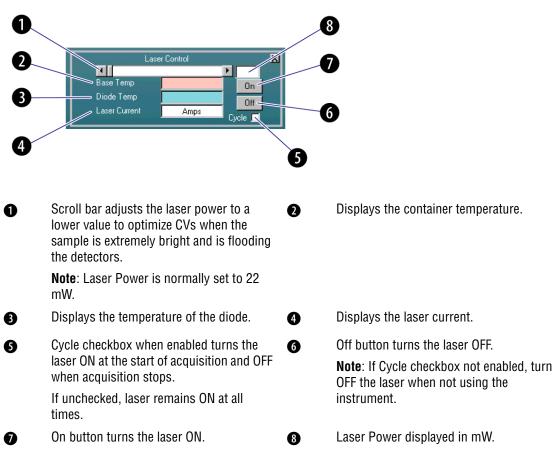
### Laser Control

Perform this procedure to adjust the laser power.



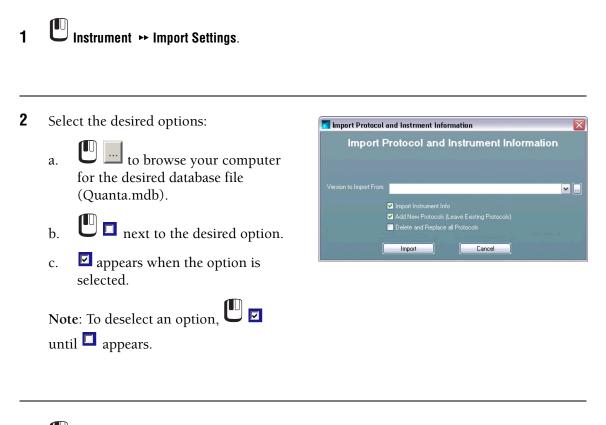
### **Understanding the Laser Control Options** See Figure 7.7.





## **Importing Settings**

Perform this procedure to import instrument settings and protocols from other software versions transferred to your instrument. For additional information, see Understanding the Import Settings Screen.



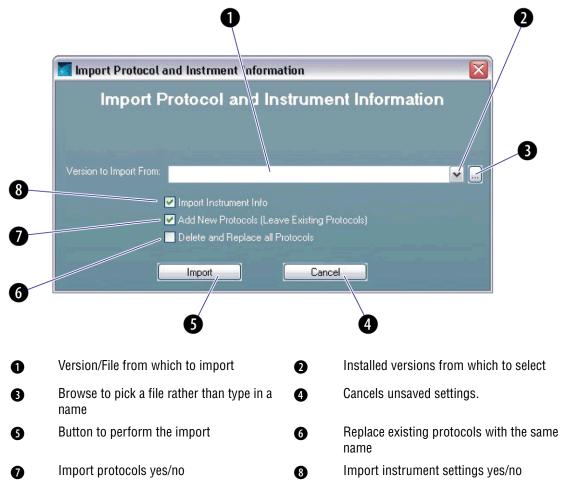
# 3 CImport.

- a. When the import is complete, an *Import Complete* message appears.
- b. **U OK** to return to the main screen.

### **Understanding the Import Settings Screen**

See Figure 7.8.

Figure 7.8 Import Setting Screen: Defined



## Automatically Aligning the Optics

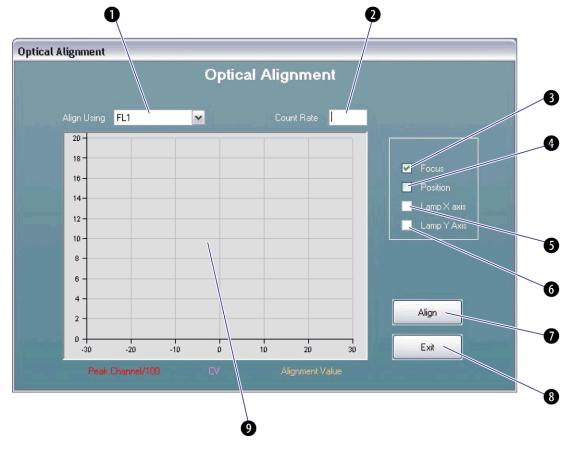
Note: This menu option is only available when running a sample.

Perform this procedure if your HPCVs are still not within specifications. For detailed instructions, refer to Heading 8.5, AUTOMATICALLY ALIGNING THE OPTICS.

### **Understanding the Auto Optical Alignment Screen**

See Figure 7.9.

#### Figure 7.9 Auto Optical Alignment Screen: Defined



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- Align Using drop down list selects the fluorescence parameter that corresponds to the beads being run.
- Focus checkbox when enabled adjusts the microscope focus when Align button is selected.
- Lamp X axis checkbox when enabled adjusts the arc lamp along the X-axis when the Align button is selected.
- Align button begins the automatic alignment.
- Graph displays the Peak Channel, CV and Alignment value at each motor position during alignment.

- Count Rate displays the count rate.
- Position checkbox when enabled adjusts the microscope position when Align button is selected.
- Lamp Y axis checkbox when enabled adjusts the arc lamp along the Y-axis when the Align button is selected.
- Exit button closes the Optical Alignment window.

# 7.4 WORKING WITH THE GAIN MENU

For additional information, see Understanding the Tracking Settings Screen.

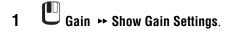
Tracking is the auto gain adjustment done by the computer to keep a known sample in the same channel number. As the Mercury Arc lamp ages, its intensity increases. The effects of the arc lamp's aging are usually nominal, but tracking may be necessary on runs where maximum resolution is needed to separate close populations.

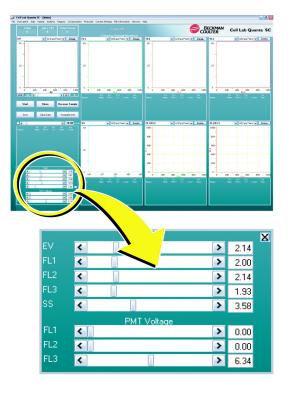
The Gain menu (Figure 5.6) allows you to do the following procedures:

- Show Gain Settings
- Defining Tracking Settings
- Tracking Start
- Reset Tracking

### **Show Gain Settings**

Perform this procedure to display the Gain Settings on the Main Screen of each fluorescent parameter and PMT voltage of the fluorescence parameters.

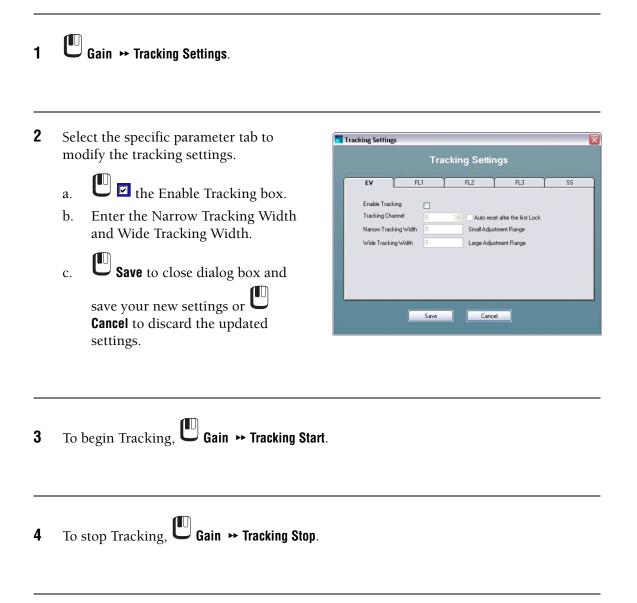




1742034B

## **Defining Tracking Settings**

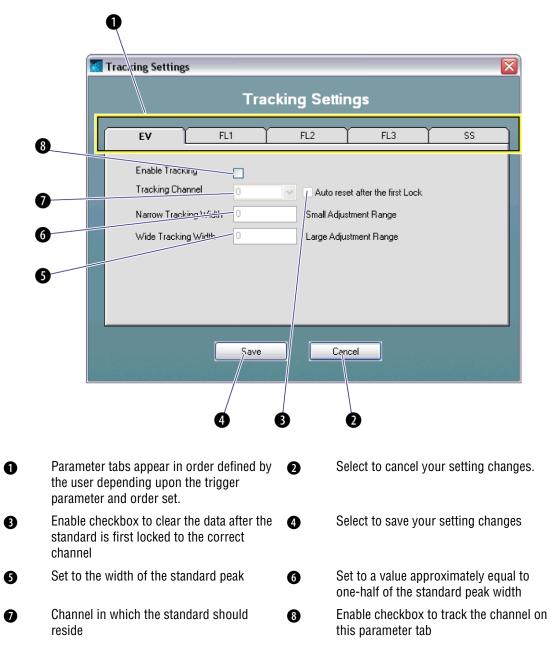
Perform this procedure to define the tracking settings.



### **Understanding the Tracking Settings Screen**

See Figure 7.10.

#### Figure 7.10 Tracking Settings Screen: Defined



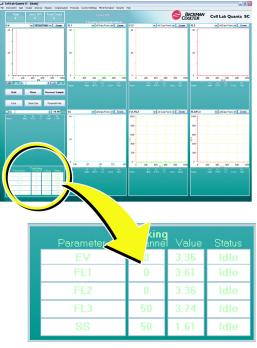
## **Tracking Start**

Tracking is the auto gain adjustment performed by the computer to keep a known sample within the same channel number. This adjustment may become necessary as an arc lamp ages and its intensity increases. The effects of arc lamp aging is not usually large; however, tracking may be required for maximum resolution on long sample runs.

Perform this procedure to start tracking. The button toggles between Start and Stop. It controls if tracking is ON or OFF.

1 Cain → Tracking Start.

**2** The Tracking Display on the Main screen overlays the Region Display. By default, when tracking is enabled, the Tracking Display is set to visible.



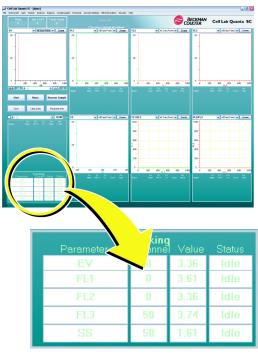
1742036B

## **Reset Tracking**

Perform this procedure to restore the gain settings to their original values before tracking started.



**2** The Tracking Display on the Main screen is reset when this selection is pressed.



1742036B

# 7.5 WORKING WITH THE VOLUME MENU

The Volume menu (Volume Menu) allows you to calibrate the volume and display channels. For details, see:

- Calibrating the Volume
- Displaying Channels

### **Calibrating the Volume**

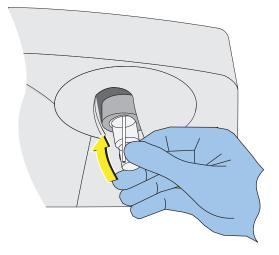
Perform this procedure to calibrate the EV axis of the data graphs and the mean cell volume, diameter and surface area statistics to absolute units. To ensure proper calibration, use the correct size of Coulter Calibration beads. For additional information, see Understanding the Volume Calibration Screen.

## **Calibration Beads**

Dilute the Coulter Calibration beads as follows:

Bead µm	Part Number	<b>Dilution Ratio</b>
1 µm	6602790	1:2000
2 µm	6602792	1:5
3 µm	6602793	1:5
5 µm	6602794	1:3
10 µm	6602796	1:2
20 µm	6602798	1:1

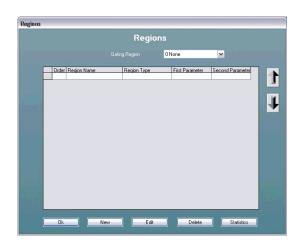
- **1** Place 1 mL of beads in a sample cup.
  - a. Mix gently and place onto sample holder.
  - b. This sample will be used to set up the single parameter gate region.



# 2 U Start.

**3** Adjust the EV gain to place the beads in Channel 200 on the EV graph. Refer to Heading 7.4, WORKING WITH THE GAIN MENU for detailed instructions.

- **4** Adjust the lower discriminator to eliminate the noise. Refer to Heading 7.1, UNDERSTANDING THE MAIN SCREEN for detailed instructions.
- **5** Go to the Regions Menu and set up a Single Parameter Region. Refer to Managing Regions for detailed instructions on setting up this region.

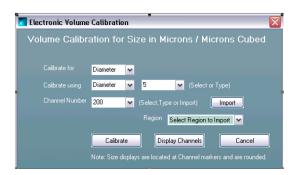


- **6** Collect at least 5000 data points.
  - a. **U Stop** to stop the sample.

# 7

# **U** Volume → Calibrate.

- a. Select **Diameter** from the **Calibrate For** and **Calibrate Using** drop down lists.
- b. Insert the diameter assayed value of the beads in the drop down list to the right of **Calibrate using** list. Refer to the COULTER CC Size Standard reagent package insert for the assay values.
- c. **U** Import and select the region around the beads. The Mean Channel of the region should appear in the box labeled **Channel** Number.



## 8

# Calibrate.

Note: Volume automatically recalibrates if the EV gain is adjusted after calibration.

## Understanding the Volume Calibration Screen

See Figure 7.11.

Figure 7.11 Volume Calibration Screen: Defined

	0 9 3	
e 🔣 Elect	tronic Volume Calibiation	
Volu	ume Calibration for Size in Microns / Microns Cul	Constant and Constant
	Calibrate for Diameter	
	Calibrate using Diameter 💌 5 💽 V (Select or Type)	4
	Channel Number 200 💌 (Select, Type or Import) Import	
	Region Select Region to Import	
	Calibrate     Display Channels     Cance       Note:     ize displays are located     Channel markers and are       9     8     7	
0	Volume/Diameter selection for display	Volume/Diameter selection on standard
6	Bead size	Import button allows the calibration to be based on a region, the mean of which becomes the Channel Number
6	Drop down list from which to select region 6 to import	Cancels unsaved settings
0	Clear the calibration and display channel <b>8</b> numbers	Apply the calibration
9	Channel Number where the calibration beads appear	

## **Displaying Channels**

Perform this procedure if you want to change the X-axis from microns to channel numbers.

For additional information, see Understanding the Volume Calibration Screen.

1 **U** Volume → Display Channels.

**2** The instrument resumes normal flow channel display.

# 7.6 WORKING WITH THE ANALYSIS MENU

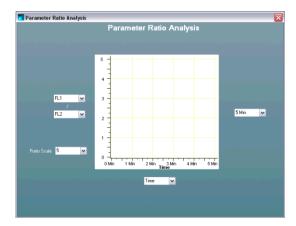
The Analysis menu (Figure 5.9) allows you to analyze the Parameter Ratio and Data Flag Settings of each parameter. See:

- Parameter Ratio Analysis
- Data Flag Settings

## **Parameter Ratio Analysis**

Perform this procedure to determine the ratio between any of the parameters from the drop down lists.





## **Data Flag Settings**

Perform this procedure to specify the region, parameter, and statistic of each data flag. You can assign a lower and upper limit to any statistic that is displayed. If the statistic value falls outside of the limits, it will be highlighted in red on the Main screen and the Excel Report.



# 2

U Validation Item, Region and Parameter from the drop down lists for each flag to be defined.

- Enter a Minimum and Maximum a. value.
- Add to include the flagging b. item in the Data Flag Setting list on the right of the window.

Note: To set up a flag for Mean Diameter, Mean Surface Area or Mean Cell Volume, you must first calibrate Volume, see Calibrating the Volume for detailed instructions.

- Update to save changes made c. to an existing data flag.
- Delete to delete a highlighted d. flag from the list on the right of the window.
- **Done** when finished setting up e. data flags to exit the window.

U Flag

3



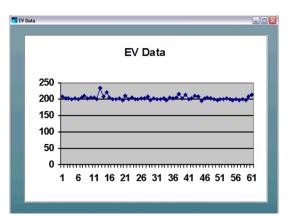
Flog New to activate date flagsing at	Data Flags
Flag Now to activate data flagging at	
any time.	
Note: If any of the statistics are flagged, the message Data Flag is displayed on	Validation I Half Peak

the Main screen. **DD** the message to display a list of the statistics outside of the established limits.

\overline Data Flags		
	Data Flags	
Validation Item Half Peak CV	Region Cells	
	Show EV Stability	

a. **C** Show EV Stability to view a graph of the EV Mean Channel versus Time for the most recent run.

**Note**: Fluctuations in the graph can occur if there was a clog or a bubble in the system.



# 7.7 WORKING WITH THE REGIONS MENU

The Regions menu (Figure 5.9) allows you to manage regions and to show region statistics. See:

- Managing Regions
- Showing Region Statistics

## **Managing Regions**

Perform this procedure to create, edit, or delete region. For additional information, see Understanding the Manage Regions Screen.

1 C Regions.

2

New, see Figure 7.13, Single Parameter Region Definition Screen: Defined.

- a. Choose the type of region you want to create:
  - Ellipse: An elliptical area of the graph.
  - **Polygon**: A multi-sided, closed figure.
  - **Quadrant**: A vertical and a horizontal line, that divides the graph into four (4) areas.
  - Single Parameter: A continguous area of a single-parameter graph.
  - **Parameter Divider**: A vertical line that separates a single-parameter graph into two (2) areas.
  - Logical Regions: These region types allow gating logic to be applied to a histogram using the overlap of two (2) or more existing regions.

🚮 Single Parameter Region Definition											
Single Parameter Region Definition											
			1 				slor 📃	le Parame	ter Regio		
	Gate		Al Data		~	Show Coi	985 M				
		4								•	
	50	1	-								
	25	-									U L
		_									
	0	-4-		200	40	00 EV	600	· · · ·	900	1000	
	100	•							a second second		
	100				EV	~					
			1	Crea	ate 📄		Cancel				

b. Create.

- **3** Fill in the Region Order, Region Name, Region Type, Region Color, Gate and select the data source.
  - a. To create a Single Parameter Gate Region, move the gates using the slider bars located above and below the graph.
  - b. The graph can be enlarged or reduced by using the up and down arrow buttons on the right hand side of the screen. When desired region has been created, proceed to step 8.

**IMPORTANT** Misleading results can occur if the same color is assigned to parameters and regions. Do not assign the same color to a parameter if region has been assigned duplicate color.

- **4** Select the desired parameters from the drop down lists.
  - a. To create a Quadrant region, U the red quadrant line and drag to the desired location. When desired region has been created, proceed to step 8.

**5 Create** to draw the region.

6 U the dot plot to set the end points. U to finish the region. Once a region has been set,
U the region and drag to the desired location.

**7 U Edit** to redraw the region.

**Create** to set the region once it is drawn to the desired size.

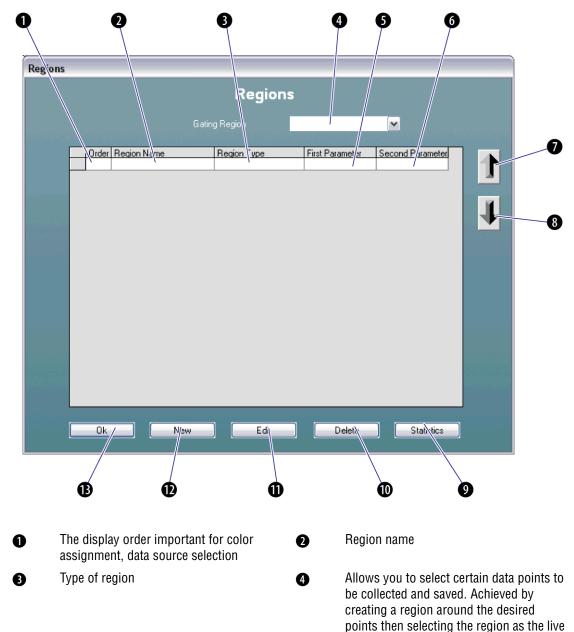
8

**9 U Exit** to set the Region and return to the Main screen.

## Understanding the Manage Regions Screen

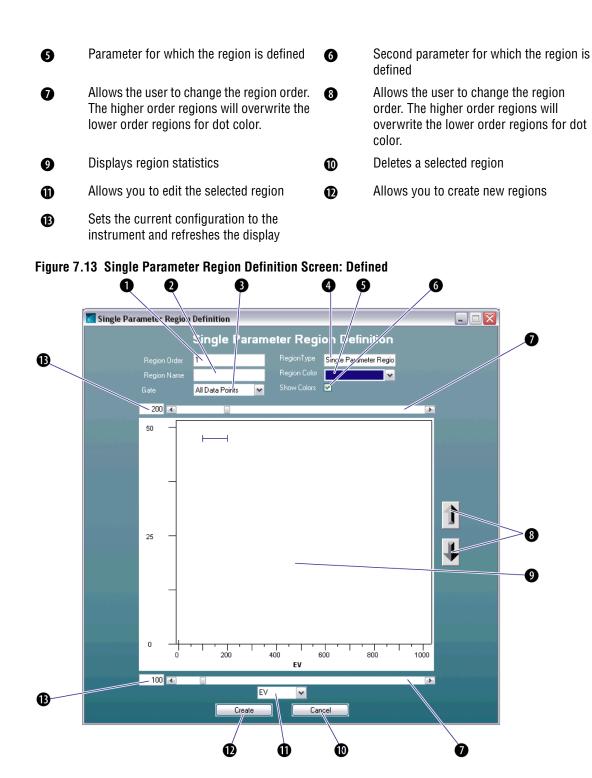
See Figure 7.12.





gate (appears in the pull-down menu after

it is created).



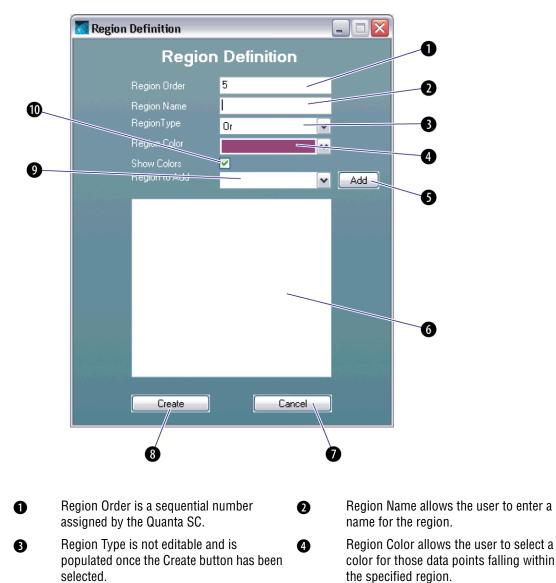
0

4

- Region Order is a sequential number assigned by the Quanta SC.
- Gate drop down list allows the user to select All Data Points or an existing region as the source.
- Region Name allows the user to enter a name for the region.
- Region Type is not editable and is populated once the Create button has been selected.

0

0	Region Color allows the user to select a color for those data points falling within the specified region.	6	Show Colors checkbox applies the Region Color selected from the drop down list.
0	Scroll Bars allow the user to adjust the region's boundaries.	8	Arrow buttons scale the graph by clicking either the up or down button.
9	Data plot display	0	Cancels unsaved settings.
0	Parameter drop down list allows the user to select the parameter for each axis.	Ð	Creates a Single Parameter Region.
₿	Percent of data contained in each side of the divider (Divider Regions only).		



### Figure 7.14 Region Definition Screen for And/Or Regions: Defined

6	Adds Region Definition to list. Double-click				
-	a Region Definition to remove from the list.	-			

- Cancels unsaved settings.
  - Region to add drop down list allows you to select a region to add to the list.
- Displays all Region Definitions created.
- Creates a Region Definition.
  - Show Colors checkbox applies the Region Color selected from the drop down list.

## **Showing Region Statistics**

9

Perform this procedure to display region statistics for the selected region.

8

1 **C** Statistics from the Regions menu to display the Region Statistics window.

Region Statistics							
	þ					0	
	Q1					0.00%	
RegionType	Quadrant	-				0.00%	
					NA H		
Data Source	All Data Point	All Data Points				NA µ²	
	La minera e de alla de la		Mean Cell		NA µ <sup>3</sup>		
		FL1	FL2	FL3			
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		
	0.00	0.00	0.00				
		0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00		
	0.00				1.00 1.00		
Linear Mean Geometric Mean Mode Median Half Peak CV	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			

0

6

### **Understanding the Region Statistics Screen**

See Figure 7.15.

### Figure 7.15 Region Statistics Screen: Defined

Region Statis	sti\:s					2	Ì
		Regi	on Sta	ntistics	. /		
Region Number Region Name RegionType	þ Q1 Quadrant			Count Pct Total Pct Gated		0 0.00% 0.00%	
Region Color Data Source	All Data Point			Mean Diar Mean Surl Mean Cell	face Area	ΝΑ μ ΝΑ μ <sup>2</sup> ΝΑ μ <sup>3</sup>	
Linear Mean	EV 0.00	FL1 0.00	FL2 0.00	FL3 0.00	SS 0.00		
Geometric Mean	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Mode	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00		
Median	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00		
Half Peak CV	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	nintition Realister	
CV	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		

0

4

- Region Number Sequential number assigned by the system.
- Region Name, Type and Color User-specific information entered by the operator.
- Data Source Region's gate.
- Mean Diameter Calculated as spherical equivalent of the mean cell volume.
- Mean Surface Area Calculated as spherical equivalent of the mean cell volume.
- Mean Cell Volume Linear mean channel of EV adjusted by the volume calibration factor.

- Count Number of data points contained in the region.
- Pct Total Percent of total counts that are in the region.
- Pct Gated Percent of counts in the histogram gate that are contained in the region.

For each parameter that was collected (EV, FL1, FL2, FL3, and SS):

- Linear Mean Channel Arithmetic mean of the data points in the region.
- Geometric Mean Channel Geometric mean of the data points in the region.
- Mode Channel Peak (highest) channel.
- Median Channel 50th percentile of the data.
- Half Peak CV CV using the half peak formula.
- CV
   Coefficient of variation.

## 7.8 WORKING WITH THE COMPENSATION MENU

The Compensation menu (Figure 5.9) allows you to set up compensation and control the display and saving of compensated data.

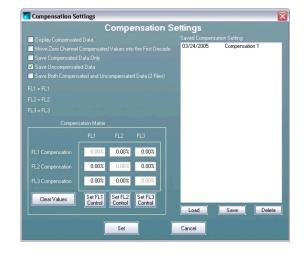
## **Defining Compensation Settings**

Perform this procedure to display the compensated data of the sample runs on the screen and to define the compensation settings.

For additional information, see Understanding the Compensation Settings Screen.

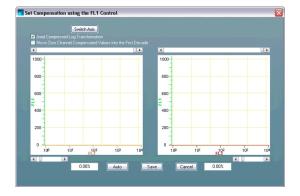
- **Compensation.** The following screen 1 nsation Setting Compe displays. U to uncheck the Display a. Compensated Data box. Clear Values, then U Set. b. 0.00% Clear Values Load Save Delete Set Cancel
- **2** Set up the appropriate protocol or current settings for your application. (An example system protocol named Compensation is provided.)
- **3** Run an unstained isotype control. Set the gain so that the signals appear in the first decade of both X and Y directions for the three (3) fluorescence plots. Refer to Heading 7.4, WORKING WITH THE GAIN MENU for detailed instructions.

4 Run a control stained with the FL1 fluorochrome. Compensation and Compensation and Set FL1 Control.



5 **C** Auto from the Set Compensation dialog displayed to set the correct amount of compensation.

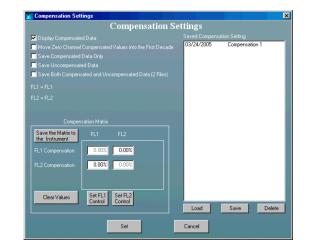




**6** Repeat steps 4 and 5 for FL2 and FL3.

7

7 **Display Compensated Data** checkbox to show the compensated data on the Main screen.

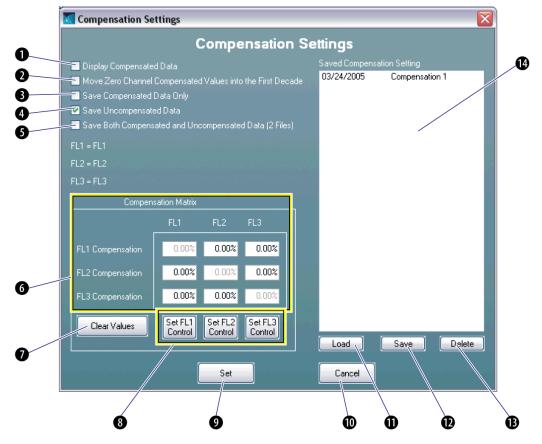


8 🛡 Set.

### **Understanding the Compensation Settings Screen**

See Figure 7.16.

### Figure 7.16 Compensation Settings Screen: Defined



- Enable checkbox to display all data compensated versus uncompensated.
   Enable checkbox to randomly assign a value in the range of 1 to 7 for the data assigned to the zero channel after compensation
  - Enable checkbox to save only the compensated data

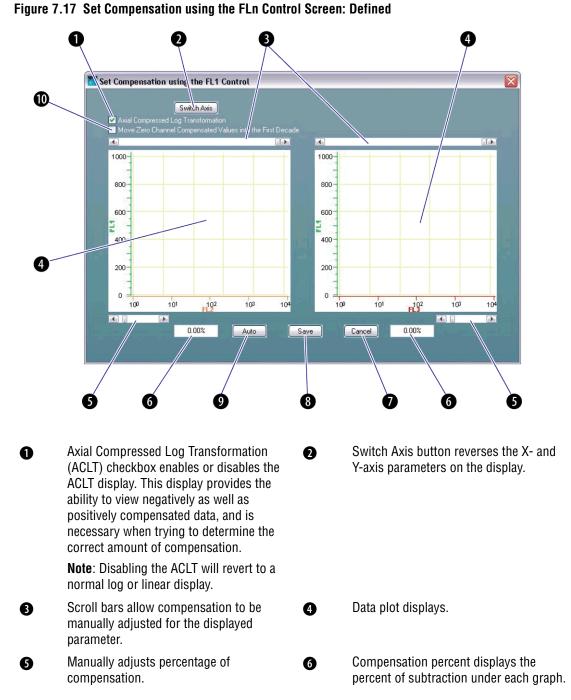
Ø

- Enable checkbox to save both compensated and uncompensated data, including differentiating the file names.
- Clear Values button clears the values for parameters in the Compensation Matrix table.
- Set button saves the Compensation Settings.

- Enable checkbox to save the uncompensated data as well as the compensation matrix
- 6 Compensation Matrix shows the percent of subtraction for each combination of fluorescence signals. Compensation values may be entered here.
- 8 Use FL1 Control to set compensation for FL2, FL3; whichever button you set controls the other two parameters.
- Cancels unsaved settings.

be loaded, save as new, or deleted.

Loads previously saved settings of a compensation setting from the list.
 Deletes a selected entry from the list.
 List of Saved Compensation Settings can





Cancels button exits the screen without saving.



Auto Button automatically sets the correct amount of compensation as calculated by fitting the data of a single positive control. Save button applies the updated compensation percentages to the Compensation Settings screen.

Move Zero Channel Compensated Values into the First Decade checkbox will only be available if the ACLT has been disabled.

## 7.9 WORKING WITH THE MANAGE PROTOCOLS SCREEN

By selecting **Manage Protocols** from the main menu, the Manage Protocols screen (Figure 5.11) appears. The Manage Protocols screen allows you to use permanent, pre-programmed protocols and to create and save new protocols.

8

Ð

Beckman Coulter, Inc. recommends that regular backup copies of your data files and protocols are created on a consistent basis.

At this screen, you can perform the following procedures:

- Loading Protocols
- Creating New Protocols
- Saving Current Settings to a Protocol
- Deleting Protocols
- Save Description Changes (Editing a Protocol)
- Create/Delete Protocol Groups
- Assign a User to a Protocol Group
- Remove a User Assigned to a Protocol Group

For additional information, see Understanding the Protocol Management Screen.

## Understanding the Protocol Management Screen

See Figure 7.18.

0 0 6 4 6 🚾 Protocol Mar agement Protocol Management Main ~ Coll hpse Categories Expland Categories System 5 Display Default 7 Display Default 10 Display Default Apoptosis -Arc Lamp Align Cell Cycle Compensation Counting -Laser Align - Viability Save description changes Load Protocol Create New Save Settings Delete Cancel Ø Ó 8 Ø Ġ 9

Figure 7.18 Protocol Management Screen: Defined

0	Collapse Categories.	0	Expand Categories.
8	Lists the available protocols.	4	Protocol Group drop down list.
6	Lists any descriptive text saved with the protocol.	6	Cancels any changes made to the selected protocol.
0	Saves changes made to the description of a selected protocol.	8	Deletes any highlighted protocol.
9	Saves the current settings to a previously created protocol.	0	Creates a new protocol using current user settings.
0	Loads any highlighted protocol		

## **Loading Protocols**

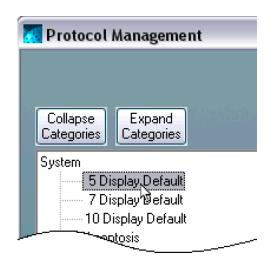
Perform this procedure to load an existing protocol.

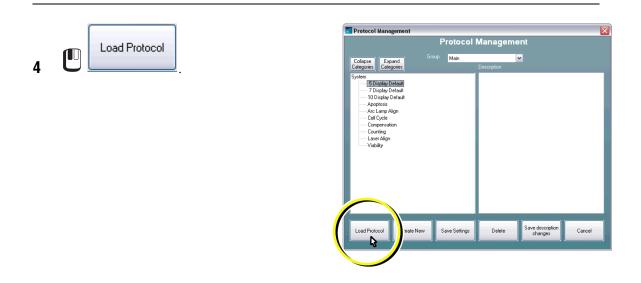


2 **Protocol Group** from the drop down list.

Protocol Management	Managem
Collapse Expand Categories Categories	
System — 5 biplay Default — 7 Diplay Default — 10 Diplay Default — AccLamp Agn — Cel Cycle — Compension — Counting — Larer Alian — Viability	
Load Protocol Create New Save Settings	Delete Save description Cancel

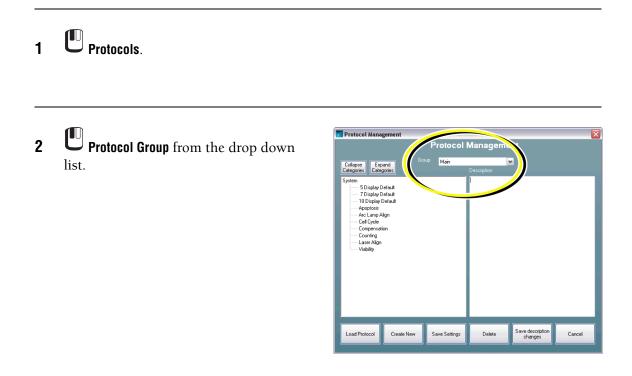
**3** Highlight the desired protocol.

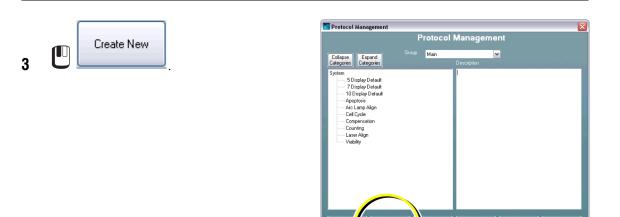




## **Creating New Protocols**

Perform this procedure to create a new protocol with the current settings you are using.





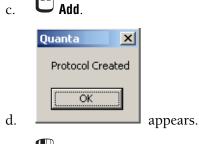
**4** Name the new protocol:

- a. Type the protocol name (e.g. June 30 04).
- b. Choose the Category from the drop down list or type new category name.

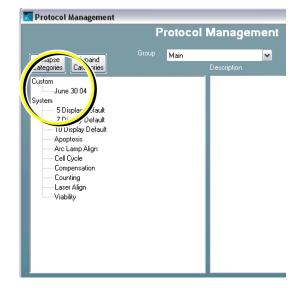


Save description changes Cancel

Delete

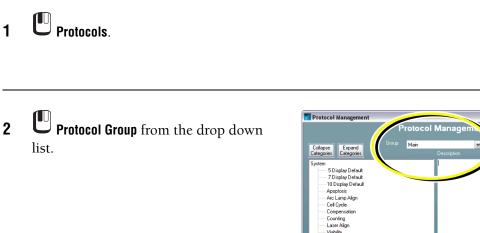


e. **OK**. The protocol name appears in the protocol list.

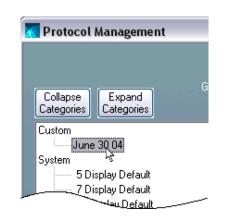


## Saving Current Settings to a Protocol

Perform this procedure to save the instrument's current settings to a previously created protocol that you or another user created. Default protocols provided with the system cannot be changed.



**3** Highlight the desired protocol to be saved.



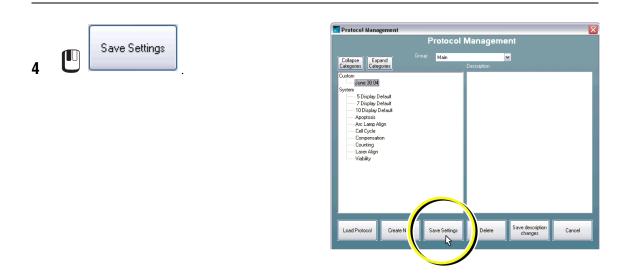
Load Protocol

Create New

Save Settings

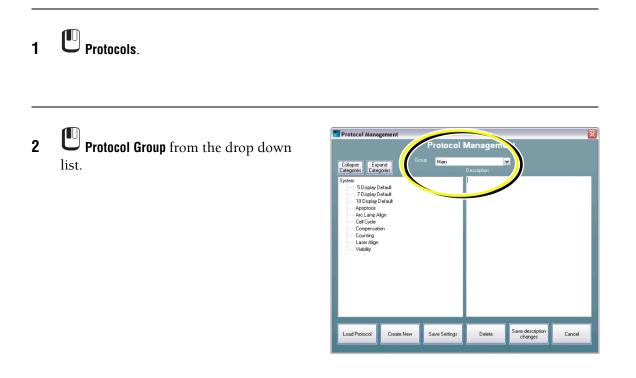
Delete

Save description changes Cancel



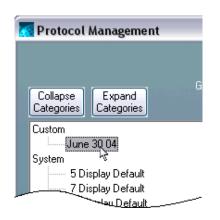
## **Deleting Protocols**

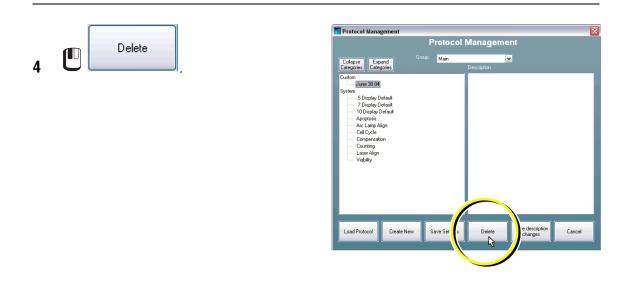
Perform this procedure to delete a protocol.



**3** Highlight the desired protocol to be deleted.

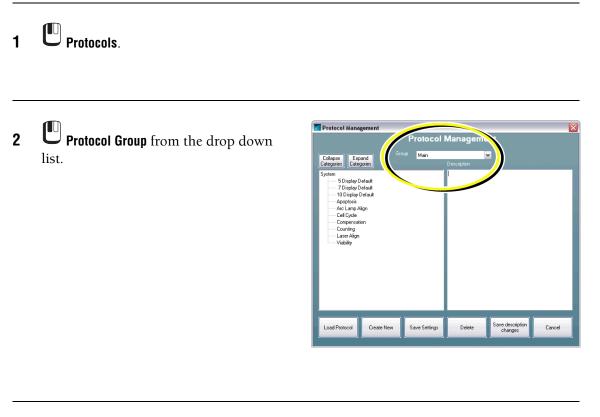
Note: You cannot delete system protocols; you can only delete protocols that you or another user created.





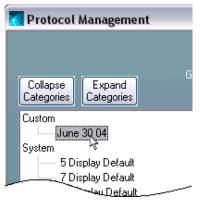
## Save Description Changes (Editing a Protocol)

Once you have selected a protocol, you can Perform this procedure to create a new protocol or edit the protocol description, except for default protocols which are LOCKED and cannot be changed.

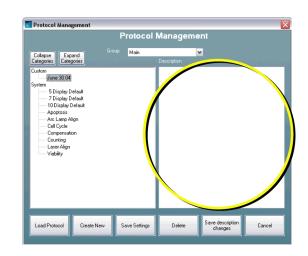


**3** Highlight the desired protocol to be edited.

Note: You cannot edit system protocols; you can only edit protocols that you or another user created.



**4** Type in new description text.

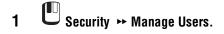




### **Create/Delete Protocol Groups**

Perform this procedure to create or delete a Protocol Group.

When working with protocols, a user can only load or save protocols from the Protocol Group they are assigned.



-OR-

2 New and enter a name for the new Protocol Group.



Highlight the Protocol Group to delete and **Delete**.

## Assign a User to a Protocol Group

Perform this procedure to assign a user to a Protocol Group. One or more users can be assigned to a Protocol Group. When working with protocols, a user can only load or save protocols from the Protocol Groups that they are assigned to.



to select the specific user from the list on the left side of the window and assign it to the specific Protocol Group.



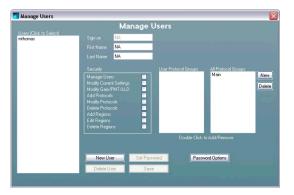
3 On the Protocol Group in the All Protocol Groups window to complete assigning the current user to this protocol group.

### **Remove a User Assigned to a Protocol Group**

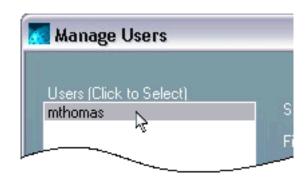
1 Ľ

C Security → Manage Users.

**Note:** The Security list displays only if the 21 CFR Option is installed; otherwise this area is blank.



2 to select the specific user from the list on the left side of the window and delete it from a specific Protocol Group.



**3** On the Protocol Group in the All Protocol Groups window to remove the user's access.

## 7.10 WORKING WITH THE CURRENT SETTINGS SCREEN

When you select **Current Settings** from the Main menu, the Current Setting screen (Figure 5.12) appears. This screen allows you to define many settings as defined in the following procedures.

- Defining Stop Sample Criteria
- Defining the Concentration (Use, # of Seconds, and Start Time)
- Enabling/Disabling Checkboxes
- Defining Auto Save Options
- Customizing an Excel Report
- Defining Filter Configurations

For additional information, see Understanding the Current Instrument Settings Screen.

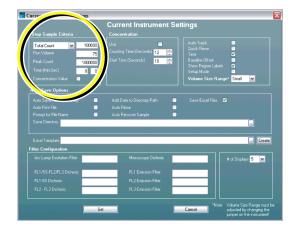
### **Defining Stop Sample Criteria**

Perform this procedure to define how much sample will be run through the instrument and to define the end of the run. When any of the defined criteria is met, sample analysis stops and the system automatically performs any selected Auto Save Options.

## 1 Current Settings.

**2** Define the Stop Sample Criteria.

For details about the options for defining the end of the sample, see Understanding the Current Instrument Settings Screen.



3 🕑 Set.

## Defining the Concentration (Use, # of Seconds, and Start Time)

Perform this procedure to set the concentration to be collected, to define the # of seconds for sample collection and to define when the concentration is to begin collection.



**2** Define the Concentration settings

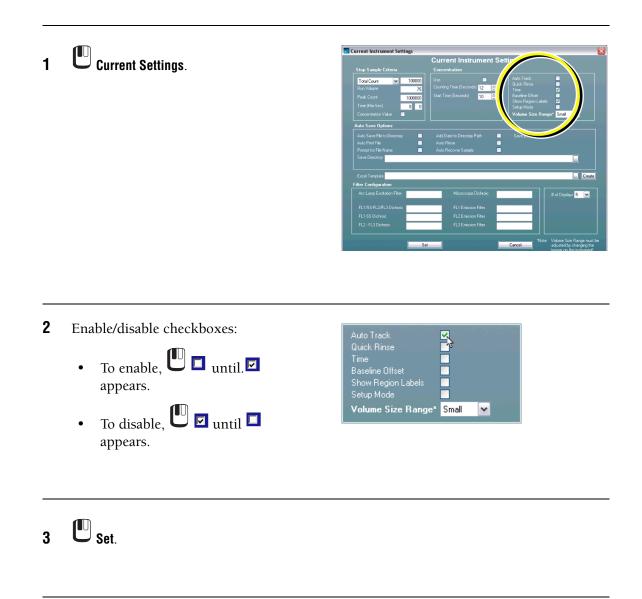




### **Enabling/Disabling Checkboxes**

Perform this procedure to enable/disable checkboxes for the following options:

- Auto Track
- Quick Rinse
- Time Parameter
- Baseline Offset
- Show Region Labels
- Setup Mode
- Volume Size Range



### **Defining Auto Save Options**

Perform this procedure to define the following Auto Save options:

**Auto Save File to Directory** automatically saves the results of each run to a pre-selected directory. An auto-incrementing number is added to the filename. This feature sequentially adds a number after the filename.

Auto Print File automatically prints the Excel Report after the run is completed.

**Prompt for File Name** allows you to enter a name for the file instead of using the automatic incrementing feature.

**Add Date to Directory Path** automatically assigns the current date to the chosen directory path.

Auto Rinse automatically runs a Rinse cycle after each sample run.

**ATTENTION:** If you select **Auto Rinse**, you must remove the sample immediately after data collection is complete or the sample will be destroyed.

**Auto Recover Sample** automatically recovers the remaining portion of the aspirated sample for use during another run.

**IMPORTANT** Misleading results can occur due to the potential of dilution. Use care when selecting Auto Recover Sample.

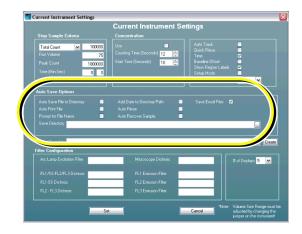
**Save Excel Files** allows you to save a report in the form of an Excel spreadsheet file.

**Save Directory** allows you to choose where the data will be saved.

**Excel Template** allows you to create a new Excel template or use a pre-existing template.

1 Current Settings.

**2** Define the Auto Save options.



3 🕑 Set.

## **Customizing an Excel Report**

### **Pre-defined Excel Templates**

If you do not define an Excel template, the system will automatically select a pre-defined template.

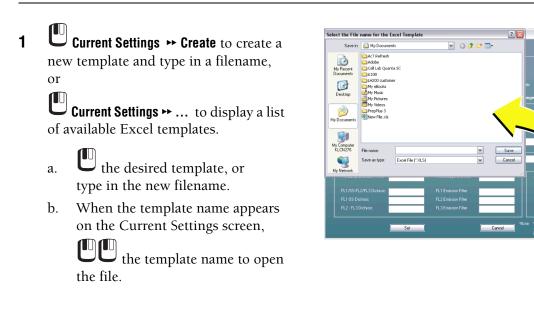
# of Graphs
one (1)
three (3)
five (5)
seven (7)
ten (10)

**IMPORTANT** Misleading results can occur if a pre-defined Excel template is modified. All Excel templates, including pre-defined templates, should be validated prior to their use.

In order for graphs and statistics to appear in the Excel Report, they must be displayed on the Main screen.

### **Creating/Modifying Text in Excel Report**

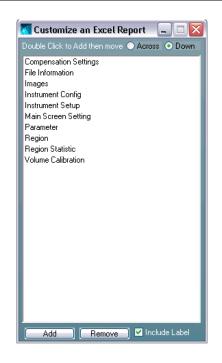
Perform this procedure to create or modify the Excel report text.



al 💌

c. The selected Excel template is opened and a list of report items is displayed.

**IMPORTANT** Misleading results can occur. When creating an Excel Report template, include unique identifiers, such as filename, sample ID, instrument serial number, and date and time of analysis. Be sure to validate every Excel template prior to use.



- **2** Add a text field to the report by:
  - a. Enable the Include Label checkbox to place the label to the left of the text field.
  - b. Click on the spreadsheet cell where you want the label to appear.

**Note**: If you enabled the Include Label checkbox, the label appears to the left of the text. If you select Column A for the text, the label will not display.

- c. From the Customize an Excel Report dialog, you can double-click a category to display the text fields.
- d. Select the desired text field, and  $\mathbb{U}_{\text{Add.}}$

**3** Remove a text field by highlighting the desired text and **P** Remove.

**4** Edit a graph by selecting the graphic in the spreadsheet and either move, resize, or delete the graph. The graph numbers correspond to the graphs displayed on the Main Screen.

**5** The new report template is automatically saved when the dialog box is closed.

### **Defining Filter Configurations**

Perform this procedure to enter the following information regarding the specific filters used on your instrument:

Arc Lamp Excitation Filter allows you to enter the filter name/description.

Microscope Dichroic allows you to enter the filter name/description.

FL1 Emission Filter allows you to enter the filter name/description.

FL2 Emission Filter allows you to enter the filter name/description.

FL3 Emission Filter allows you to enter the filter name description.

FL2-FL3 Dichroic allows you to enter the filter name/description.

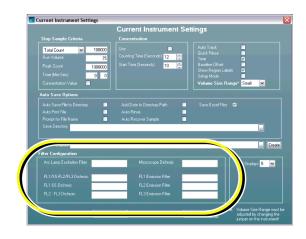
FL1/SS-FL2/FL3 Dichroic allows you to enter the filter name/description.

FL1-SS Dichroic allows you to enter the filter name/description.

**IMPORTANT** Misleading results can occur if the filter names do not match the names used in the system software. Ensure filter names reflect the instrument setup currently in use. For additional information, refer to Step 9 of Heading 10.5, CHANGING A FILTER for a diagram of the filters.

Current Settings. 1

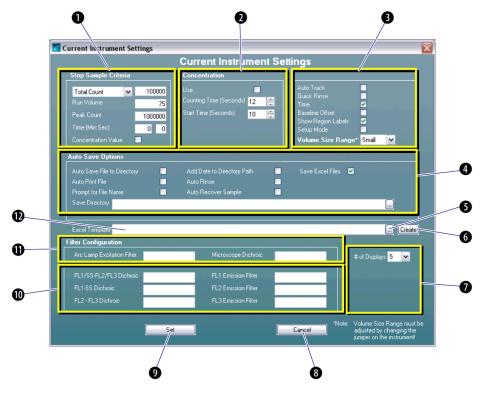
**2** Define the filter configurations as desired.



# 3 🕑 Set.

### **Understanding the Current Instrument Settings Screen** See Figure 7.19.





Stop Sample Criteria.

0

- **Total Count** stops the sample run when the number of particles collected either in total or for the selected region matches the number in the field.
- Run Volume defines the sample amount through the flow cell. Once volume is met, sample is stopped.
- **Peak Count** stops the sample when the mode of the Primary single-parameter histogram reaches the value in the field.

Concentration.

0

- **Use** enabled checkbox indicates concentration is to be collected.
- Counting Time (Seconds) indicates how many cycles will be collected per sample.
- Start Time (Seconds) indicates when the concentration is to begin collecting.

- Time (Min:Sec) stops the sample when the given time is counted from the end of Stabilization has elapsed. If 0:0 is set as the value, then the system ignores the Stop time.
- **Concentration Value** stops the sample run when the concentration value is met.
- 6

• Auto Track enabled checkbox allows tracking to automatically start once samples has started running.

- **Quick Rinse** enabled checkbox allows 16 second rinse.
- **Time** enabled checkbox allows time parameter to be collected.
- Show Region Labels enabled checkbox allows display of region name next to region on graphs.
- Setup Mode enabled checkbox allows only the most recent 200 data points to be displayed.
- Volume Size Range allows you to enter the EV jumper position (S,M,L). Refer to Figure 1.13, Jumper Positions: Controls and Indicators.
- Baseline Offset assigns a random gaussian value to redistribute zero channel data across the first decade.

**IMPORTANT** Risk of erroneous results. The Baseline Offset function should only be used after first viewing data with the baseline offset function turned off (unchecked). You must be satisfied that the overall results of any assay are not significantly affected by turning baseline offset on. However, you should not use baseline offset when determining appropriate cytometer settings. Baseline offset on should only be used for visual purposes after analysis.

6

Ø

Browse button to use an existing Excel template.

Drop down list to select number of data plot displays on the Main menu.

Auto Save Options.

A

- Auto Save File to Directory enabled checkbox allows the results of each run to be automatically saved to a pre-selected directory.
- Auto Print File enabled checkbox, allows user to auto print Excel reports.
- **Prompt for File Name** enabled checkbox allows the user to enter the filename rather than use the automatic incrementing feature.
- **Save Directory** allows user to specify the location for saved data.
- Add Date to Directory Path enabled checkbox automatically saves files to a sub-directory with current date as directory name.
- Auto Rinse enabled checkbox automatically rinses after each sample run.
- Auto Recover Sample enabled checkbox provides that the remaining portion of the aspirated sample will automatically be recovered for another run.

**Save Excel Files** enabled checkbox allows Excel reports to be automatically saved at the same time as the FCS 2.0 List Mode Data files.

Creates a new Excel template.

Cancels unsaved settings.

6

8

Filter Configuration. 9 Sets the selected instrument settings. D Allows user to input the specific filters being used in the instrument. FL1/SS-FL2/FL3 Dichroic ► FL1-SS Dichroic FL2-FL3 Dichroic FL1 Emission Filter FL2 Emission Filter FL3 Emission Filter Filter Configuration. Name of Excel template, new or existing. Ð Ø Allows user to input the specific filters

- being used in the instrument.
  - Arc Lamp Excitation Filter
  - Microscope Dichroic

#### 7.11 WORKING WITH THE FILE INFORMATION SCREEN

When you select **File Information** from the Main menu, the File Information screen (Figure 5.13) appears. This screen allows you to enter the following information about the sample and file that will be saved with the FCS standard output file and included in the Excel report:

File Name allows you to name the file. (FCS Keyword \$FIL)

**Sample ID** allows you to assign a specific Sample ID. (FCS Keyword \$SMNO)

**Tissue Type** allows you to define the type of tissue for the sample. (FCS Keyword \$CELLS)

Patient/Sample Description allows you to enter a description for the patient/sample. (FCS Keyword \$SRC)

**Operator** allows you to enter the name or ID of the operator who is running this sample. (FCS Keyword \$OP)

**Experiment Initiator** allows you to enter the name of the initiator. (FCS Keyword \$EXP)

**Sample Preparation** allows you to define the sample preparation method.

Sample Size allows you to specify the sample size in before dilution.

Dilution Volume displays the total volume after dilution (including the sample).

Date automatically displays the current system date. (FCS Keyword \$DATE)

Beginning/Ending Time allows you to define the start and end of the analysis data collection time. (FCS Keyword \$BTIM / \$ETIM)

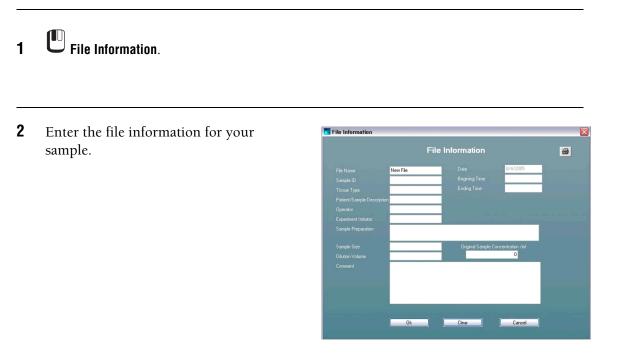
**Original Sample Concentration/ML** allows you specify the original sample concentration.

**Comments** allows you to enter specific comments regarding this sample. (FCS Keyword \$COM)

For additional information, see Understanding the File Information Screen.

## **Entering Sample Information**

Perform this procedure to enter information for a specific sample.

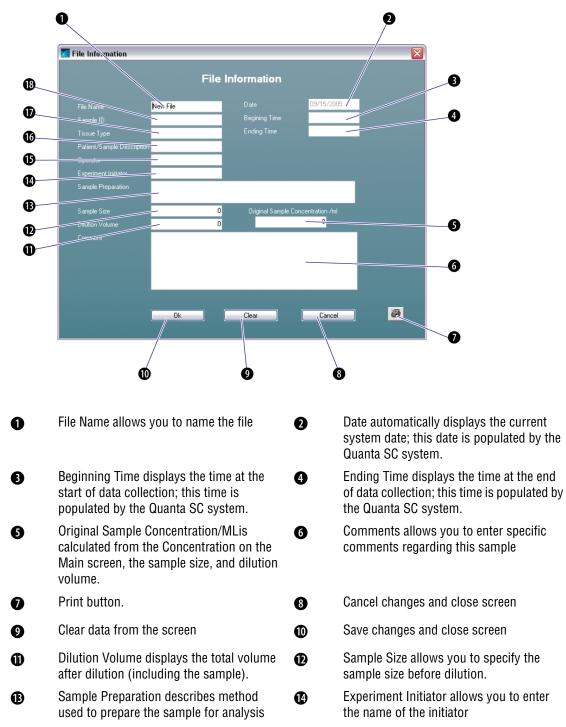




### **Understanding the File Information Screen**

See Figure 7.20.

### Figure 7.20 File Information Screen: Defined



- Operator allows you to enter the name or ID of the operator who is running this sample
- Tissue Type allows you to define the type of tissue for the sample

## 7.12 WORKING WITH THE SECURITY MENU

The Security menu (Figure 5.9) allows you to change your password, manage other users, and modify the database path of your data collection. See:

6

ß

- Change Password
- Manage Users
- Password Options
- Modify Database Path

### **Change Password**

Perform this procedure to change the password of the current user.



**2** Enter your old password first, then type in the new password. Retype new password to confirm.

- Patient/Sample Description allows you to enter a description for the patient/sample
- Sample ID allows you to assign a specific Sample ID

## **Manage Users**

Perform this procedure to manage users and their security rights.

1 U Security → Manage Users.



- **2** Select a user from the list to change the security settings for that username. Security Settings include:
  - Security Rights
  - User Protocol Groups
  - All Protocol Groups, and
  - Password Options.

<u> Manag</u> e U	Jsers	
Users (Click ) mthomas	to Select)	
	~~	

### **Understanding the Security Menu Screen**

See Figure 7.21.

Figure 7.21 Security Menu: Manage Users

Manage Users	Ser Protocol Broups All Protocol Goups
Modify Current Settings Modify Gain/PMT/LLD Add Protocols Modify Protocols Delete Protocols Add Regions Edit Regions Delete Regions Delete Regions Delete Regions Set Pass vord Deleje User Save	Double Click to Add/Remove
t B D	
List of users established for the Quanta SC system.	Security Rights checkboxes allows the system administrator to choose which rights are to be associated with a given username.
Sign on field displays username.	• First Name field displays the selected user's first name or user can enter text.
Last Name field displays the selected user's last name or user can enter text.	User Protocol Groups lists the protocol groups the username can use.
All Protocol Groups lists all protocol groups available on the Quanta system.	8 New button allows for a new protocol group to be added.

D

- Delete button deletes a protocol group from the list.
- Set Password saves the new password for the specified user.
- B Delete user deletes the selected user.
- Password Options.
  Save button exits and saves all changes made during the edit session.

Password Options displays a dialog, see

New User button adds a new user.

#### **Password Options**

Perform this procedure to set the password security options.

1 U Security → Password Options.



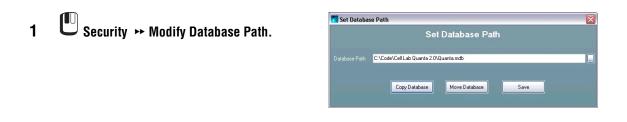
- **2** Set the password security options according to your laboratory's requirements. Options include:
  - Auto Log on as Admin bypasses the log in screen and access protections
  - Remember last user requires username to be typed or selected from drop down list
  - Require alpha/numeric password
  - Minimum password length
  - Specified time limit of password, and
  - Save / Cancel changes.

#### **Modify Database Path**

Perform this procedure to allow a Windows restricted user the ability to access the software. This procedure is only available if user is logged on as Admin.

Protocols, user information, current settings, regions and instrument settings are all stored in a database file. By default, this database is in the installation directory. Windows security allows the creation of windows users that do not have the ability to modify the installation

directory on some computers. Please contact your Windows Administrator to provide the proper read/write permissions for users.



# 7.13 WORKING WITH THE HELP MENU

The Help menu (Figure 5.15) has two options:

- **Help**, which launches the online Help file (see Launching Help)
- **About**, which provides information about the Quanta software (see Viewing Software Information)

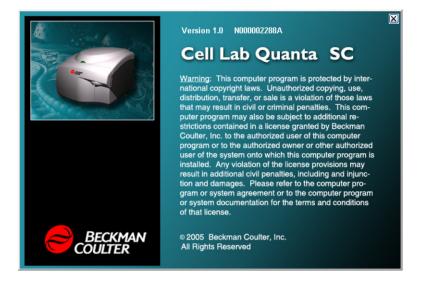
#### Launching Help

To launch the online Help,  $\mathbb{U}$  Help  $\mapsto$  Help.

When you are finished viewing the Help, U is to close.

#### **Viewing Software Information**

To view the software details, such as manufacturer and version number,  $\square$  Help  $\mapsto$  About.



### 8.1 OVERVIEW

Quality control is extremely important to the daily operation of the Quanta SC System. The cost and time associated with the quality control procedures outlined in this manual are minimal compared to the loss of quality in results if quality control procedures are not followed.

### 8.2 QC MATERIALS

The following Quality Control materials are used to address all of Quanta's parameters. Quanta operation supports the following materials:

- Flow-Check Fluorospheres (PN 6605359)
- Coulter CC Size Standard L5 (PN 6602794)
- Sphero Rainbow Alignment Particles (Arc Alignment Beads; PN RAP-38-5 and RAP-38-10)

If commercial controls are not available, whole blood specimens may be used if there are corresponding values available from other instruments for reference purposes.

### 8.3 DAILY QC

Beckman Coulter recommends the use of QC materials to gauge instrument performance of reportable parameters. Daily QC depends on the light source and application that will be run that day.

For 488 laser applications, daily QC consists minimally of running Flow-Check Fluorospheres.

For Mercury Arc lamp applications, daily QC consists of minimally running the Arc Alignment Beads (refer to Heading 8.2, QC MATERIALS).

Additional QC may be required depending on the applications to be used.

For applications using volume, ensure you follow the calibration procedure, Heading 7.5, WORKING WITH THE VOLUME MENU, using the COULTER CC Size Standard L5.

**IMPORTANT** Risk of erroneous results if the Cytometer has been idle for an extended period of time or you have just performed Daily Startup. To ensure correct results, perform a rinse after:

- Daily Startup.
- The Cytometer has been idle for an extended period of time.
- A syringe malfunction related to aspiration, mixing, or dispensing.

#### **Before Running Flow-Check Fluorospheres**

• Check that the DAILY STARTUP procedure was performed, refer to Heading 6.1, PERFORM STARTUP.

#### **Running Flow-Check Fluorospheres**

- **1** Prepare the Flow-Check Fluorospheres according to package insert instructions, refer to Heading 8.4, QC METHOD for mixing and handling of fluorospheres.
- **2** Load the Laser Alignment protocol.
- **3** Ensure sample is properly mixed prior to placing a sample cup on the instrument.
- **4 U Start** from the Main screen. The process goes through *Aspirating*, *Boosting*, *and Stabilizing*, then *Stop* appears. Data acquisition begins.
- **5** Ensure the flow rate is 150-200 events per second.
- 6 Adjust fluorescense peaks FL1 (525 BP), FL2 (575 BP) and FL3 (670 LP) to channel 200.
- **7** Adjust the regions and check the HPCVs.
- **8** Check that the HPCV values for all parameters are within your laboratory's acceptance limits and record them in a logbook.

**Note**: Follow the package insert instructions for the Flow-Check Fluorospheres to establish expected range values for your laboratory.

**9** If the HPCVs are greater than 3%, perform the AUTOMATICALLY ALIGNING THE OPTICS found in Heading 8.5.

#### **Running the Arc Lamp Alignment Beads**

- **1** Prepare the beads as required for your application, refer to Heading 8.4, QC METHOD.
- **2** Load the Lamp Alignment protocol.
- **3** Ensure sample is properly mixed prior to placing a sample cup on the instrument.
- **4 U Start** from the Main screen. The process goes through *Aspirating*, *Boosting*, *and Stabilizing*, then *Stop* appears. Data acquisition begins.
- **5** Set flow rate (slider bar) to 4.17 mL per minute.
- **6** If necessary, adjust the FL1 (465/30 BP) to channel 200.
- **7** Adjust the regions and check the HPCV.
- **8** Check that the HPCV value for FL1 is within your laboratory's acceptance limits and record them in a logbook.

**9** If the HPCVs are greater than 3%, perform the AUTOMATICALLY ALIGNING THE OPTICS found in Heading 8.5.

### 8.4 QC METHOD

#### **Prepare QC Material**

#### **Flow-Check Fluorospheres**

- **1** Prepare Flow-Check Fluorospheres according to the package insert instructions.
- **2** Follow the package insert instructions for mixing and handling fluorospheres.
- **3** Check that the values for Mean, and the half-peak coefficient of variation (HPCV) for FL1, FL2 and FL3 are within your laboratory's acceptance limits and record them in a logbook.

**Note**: Follow the directions in the Flow-Check Fluorospheres package insert to establish expected range values for your laboratory.

### 8.5 AUTOMATICALLY ALIGNING THE OPTICS

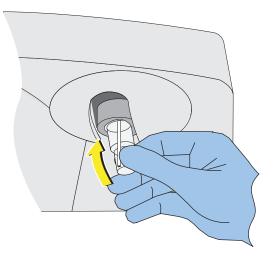
The Automatic Optical Alignment procedure will automatically focus the light onto the flow cell to obtain maximum fluorescence and greatest possible signal strength while maintaining acceptable HPCV values. It is recommended that this procedure be performed **only** if HPCVs are greater than 3%.

#### **Arc Lamp Alignment Beads**

Use Sphero Rainbow Alignment Particles:

- PN RAP-38-5
   3.8 μm size, 5 mL bottle
- PN RAP-38-10
   3.8 μm size, 10 mL bottle

- **1** Prepare the required QC materials, refer to Heading 8.3, DAILY QC for detailed instructions
- **2** Load the Optical Alignment protocol, refer to Loading Protocols in Chapter 7 of the Quanta SC manual.
- **3** Place an empty sample cup on the instrument.

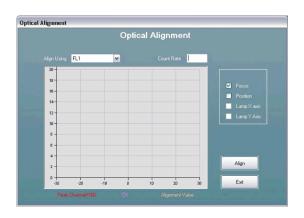


- 4 **C** Rinse from the Main screen.
- After rinse is completed, place sample cup containing QC material on the instrument and U start.

Note: Ensure count rate is greater than 100.

- If using Laser Alignment Protocol, run a sample of Flow-Check beads.
- If using Arc Lamp Alignment Protocol, run a sample of alignment beads.

- 6 **C** Auto Optical Alignment from the Instrument Menu.
- **7** Select the fluorescence parameter (FL1, FL2, or FL3) that corresponds to the application being run.
- **8** Select one of the following options:
  - Focus: Adjusts Microscope Focus
  - Position: Adjusts Microscope Position
  - Lamp X: Adjusts Lamp X-axis (arc lamp only)
  - Lamp Y: Adjusts Lamp Y-axis (arc lamp only).



#### Note:

- Most alignments can be achieved by selecting Focus.
- The Lamp X and Lamp Y alignment options are only available if the laser is OFF.

9 C Align.

**10** If the HPCVs are still greater than 3%, repeat steps 7 to 9 until the best value is obtained.

- **11** When HPCVs are less than 3%, D Exit.
- **12** Place an empty sample cup on the instrument and perform a **Rinse**.



**13 Main** to return to the Main Screen.

# **QUALITY CONTROL** *AUTOMATICALLY ALIGNING THE OPTICS*

# 9.1 BEFORE RUNNING SAMPLES

- **1** Verify correct filters are installed and correct protocols are loaded for the selected application and light source.
- 2 If the instrument has been idle for more than one hour with an empty sample cup, press **RINSE** from the Main Screen. The instrument performs a rinse cycle and primes for presentation of the next sample.

Note: If the instrument is idle for more than two hours, perform a shutdown procedure as instructed in Heading 6.3, PERFORM SHUTDOWN.

- **3** You can set the gain, PMT Voltage and discriminator values as instructed in Heading 9.5, SETTING INITIAL GAIN, VOLTAGE AND DISCRIMINATOR VALUES.
- 4 Ensure that QC has been done. See Chapter 8, QUALITY CONTROL.
- **5** Enter sample information. See Heading 7.11, WORKING WITH THE FILE INFORMATION SCREEN.

**Note**: If identification by Sample ID is desired, you must enter a Sample ID with the sample information.

**IMPORTANT** Risk of reporting incorrect results. Data displays for light scatter patterns, antibody staining profiles, and all gates and boundaries used to arrive at the test result should be reviewed by a laboratory professional when interpreting the data.

### 9.2 PREPARING SAMPLES

Available applications are provided as application notes and are separate from this manual.

Prepare the sample and according to the instructions for the specific protocol that you are following. Protocol documents are separate from this manual.

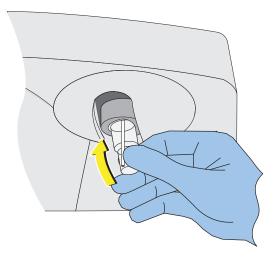
# 9.3 RUNNING SAMPLES

**IMPORTANT** Risk of sample misidentification if a power failure occurs during sample processing. In the event of a power failure, discard any in-process samples.

Available applications are provided as application notes and are separate from this manual.

Analyze the sample according to the instructions for the specific protocol that you are following.

**1** Place the sample cup on instrument. See Heading 5.4, PLACING A CUP ON THE INSTRUMENT.



- 2 Press **Start** button on Main screen.
  - Sample is aspirated and data collection begins.
  - Start button changes to "Aspirating".
  - Aspirating button then changes to "Boosting" as the sample moves from the sample loop toward the flow cell.
  - Boosting button changes to "Stabilizing" when the sample is tested for stable flow through the flow cell.
  - After stabilization is completed, Stabilizing button changes to "Stop".
- **3** To stop the sample flow and data collection, press the **Stop** button. Stop button changes to "Resume" button.

**4** To resume sample flow and data collection, press the **Resume** button.

**IMPORTANT** Possible erroneous results can occur if the sample has stopped and you press **Resume** or **Continue** during sample processing. Sample settling can occur in the tubing; the amount of settling will depend upon the type of sample and the length of time the sample has been stopped.

**5** When the stop criteria (defined in the Current Settings screen) is met, the button reflects "Continue" if there is sample remaining.

For details about defining the stop criteria, see Heading 7.10, WORKING WITH THE CURRENT SETTINGS SCREEN.

- **6** To allow the sample to continue running, press **Continue**.
- 7 If the sample stops due to the run volume (defined in the Current Settings screen) being met, the button reflects "Reload". You can load more sample into the sample loop and resume data collection by pressing the **Reload** button.

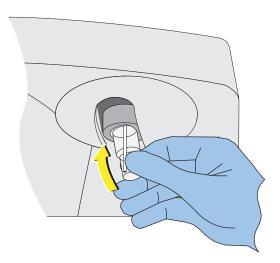
Note: There is a 1-minute time-out if a sample is not presented and "Reload" is pressed. For details about defining the run volume, see Heading 7.10, WORKING WITH THE CURRENT SETTINGS SCREEN.

# 9.4 AFTER RUNNING SAMPLES

- **1** After the sample has been run, you can recover sample from the sample loop.
  - a. Press **Recover Sample** on the Main screen.
  - b. Recovery occurs even if the run volume selected has been completely dispensed through the flow cell because extra volume is aspirated during the sample "Aspirating" process.

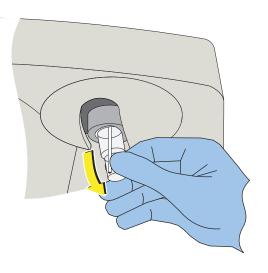
**IMPORTANT** Misleading results can occur due to the potential of dilution. Use care when selecting Auto Recover Sample.

2 Place an empty sample cup on instrument. See Heading 5.4, PLACING A CUP ON THE INSTRUMENT.



**3** Press **Rinse** to clean the fluidics and to prepare the instrument for the next sample.

**4** Slightly tilt the sample cup to release the vacuum seal, then gently pull the cup down



- **5** Check the Waste Bottle to determine if it needs to be emptied. If so, do Heading 10.4, EMPTYING THE WASTE BOTTLE.
- **6** Review the data according to your laboratory procedures.

### 9.5 SETTING INITIAL GAIN, VOLTAGE AND DISCRIMINATOR VALUES

It is important to set the Gain, PMT Voltage, and Discriminator values properly to differentiate sample from background noise. Gain and PMT Voltage values are adjusted from the Gain Settings box, refer to Heading 7.4, WORKING WITH THE GAIN MENU and Heading 7.1, UNDERSTANDING THE MAIN SCREEN for detailed instructions regarding ULD and LLD.

**Note**: When using the Laser, you may also want to adjust the Laser power in addition to Gain and PMT Voltage values.

### 9.6 WORKING WITH REGIONS

If you create a region, it is displayed on the Main screen (Figure 5.2). For details about the Manage Regions screen, see Heading 7.7, WORKING WITH THE REGIONS MENU.

SAMPLE ANALYSIS WORKING WITH REGIONS

# CLEANING/REPLACEMENT 10

# **10.1 INSTRUMENT CLEANING AND HANDLING REQUIREMENTS**

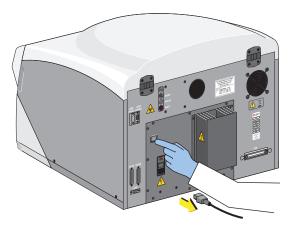
**CAUTION** Risk of damage to the instrument if any fluid comes into contact with the electronic components. To prevent damage to the instrument, do not let any fluid come into contact with the internal instrument components.

- Use soap or a mild detergent and water to clean the outer surfaces of the Quanta SC System. Do not allow any fluids to permeate the inside of the instrument.
- Observe Good Laboratory Practices when handling samples. Protective laboratory gloves are strongly recommended.
- If sample is spilled, thoroughly clean and disinfect the area with a 1:10 dilution of high-quality, fragrance-free, gel-free bleach (5 to 6% solution of sodium hypochlorite available chlorine).
- In case of breakage or spillage of liquid onto the Quanta Instrument, perform a shutdown prior to cleanup.

# **10.2 INSTRUMENT QUICK DISCONNECT**

Prior to performing maintenance, replacement or troubleshooting procedures, ensure that the instrument power has been disconnected from the electrical unit by unplugging the power cord from the back of the instrument.

### Figure 10.1 Disconnect Analyzer Power

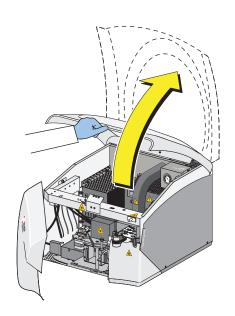


# **10.3 OPENING/CLOSING THE COVER**

Certain maintenance, replacement or troubleshooting procedures may require the instrument cover to be opened.

**1** Pull front cover open from the right side of instrument.

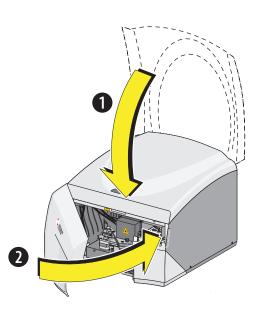
**2** Pull top of cover up until it locks in the upright position.



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**3** To close the cover properly, reverse the above steps pulling the top cover down first and then closing the front cover.

**CAUTION** Closing the front cover before the top cover can damage the covers and interrupt the laser interlock. Pull the top cover down first, then close the front cover.



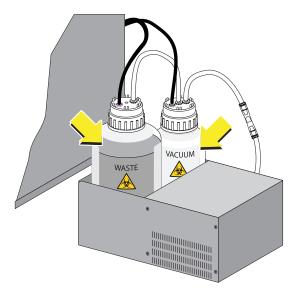
# **10.4 EMPTYING THE WASTE BOTTLE**



**WARNING** Risk of biohazardous contamination if you have skin contact with the waste and vacuum bottles, their contents, and associated tubing. The waste and vacuum bottles and associated tubing might contain residual biological material and must be handled with care. Clean up spills immediately. Dispose of the contents of the waste and vacuum bottles in accordance with your local regulations and acceptable laboratory procedures.

**1** Empty the Waste Bottle when full.

**Note**: If liquid is evident, the Vacuum Bottle should also be emptied.

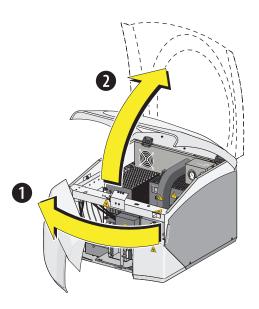


**2** Dispose of the contents of the waste and vacuum bottles in accordance with your local regulations and acceptable laboratory procedures.

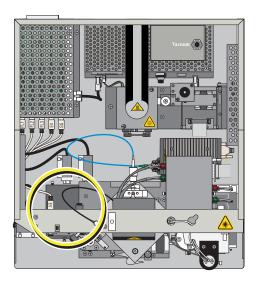
Note: Take proper precautions to avoid spills if you are emptying the waste container into a sink, drain or larger container.

# **10.5 CHANGING A FILTER**

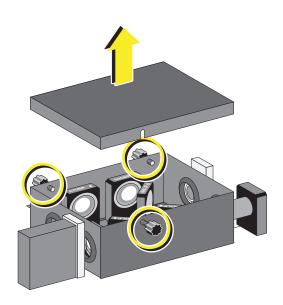
- **1** Perform Shutdown, refer to Heading 6.3, PERFORM SHUTDOWN for detailed instructions.
- **2** Open the cover, refer to Heading 10.3, OPENING/CLOSING THE COVER for detailed instructions.



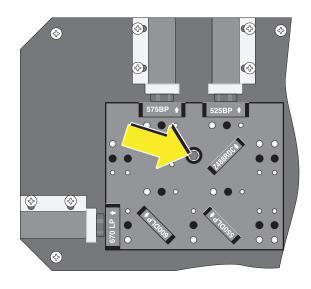
**3** Locate filter area.



**4** Loosen thumbscrews and lift off filter cover.

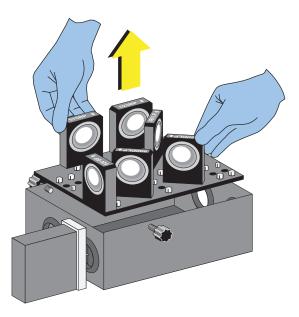


**5** Use a 3/16 in. Allen wrench to unscrew the bolt in the middle of the optical filter plate.

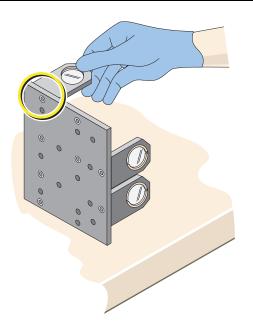


**6** Lift the optical filter plate up and off. Set this optical filter aside.

**Note**: Do not touch lens. Inspect lens to ensure free from smudges or debris. If smudges are present, clean with lens cloth.



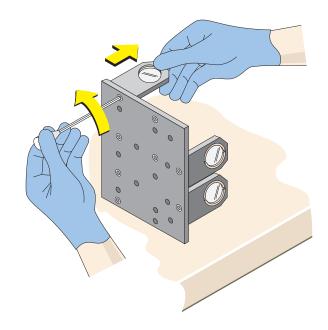
**7** Turn the optical filter on its side and locate the screw that holds the filter holder to be removed.



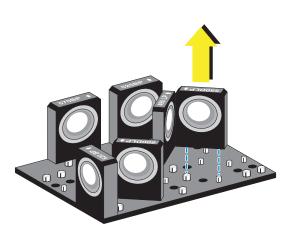
**8** Use a 9/64 in. Allen wrench to remove the screw that holds the filter to be replaced from the optical filter plate.

Note: Do not touch lens. Inspect lens to ensure free from smudges or debris. If smudges are present, clean with lens cloth.

**CAUTION** Risk of damage to instrument if filter block is dropped. Use care when handling filter block and changing a filter.

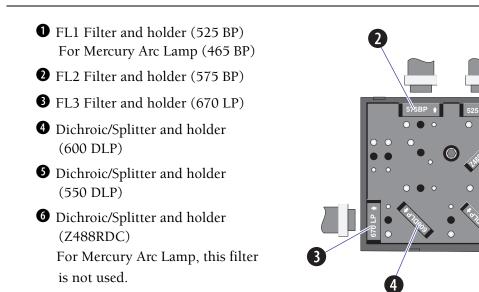


**9** Remove the filter holder to be replaced by pulling it up and out of the optical base. See below for typical locations of filters:

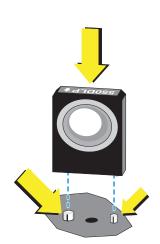


6

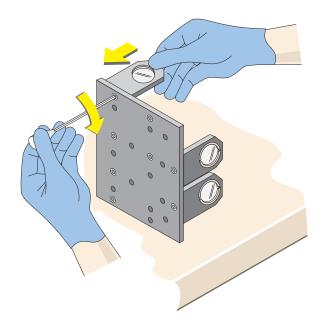
1



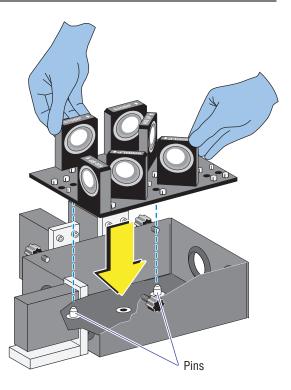
**10** Orient the filter holder and filter correctly. Match up the filter holder pins so that the large pin and small pin fit securely inside filter holder.



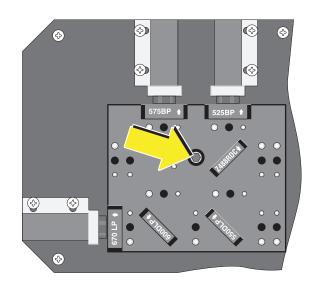
**11** Insert the filter holder into the optical filter plate and screw in the holding screw.



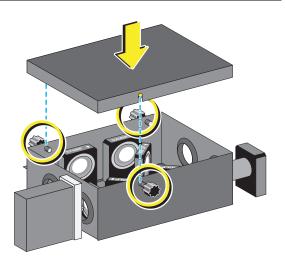
**12** Replace the optical filter plate into the instrument. Check that it is firmly seated.



**13** Use a 3/16 in. Allen wrench to screw in the bolt in the middle of the optical filter plate.

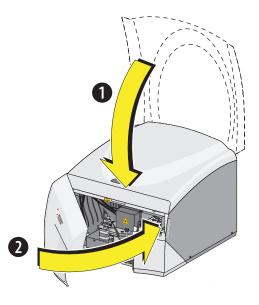


**14** Replace filter cover and tighten thumbscrews.



**15** Close the cover.

**CAUTION** Closing the front cover before the top cover can damage the covers and interrupt the laser interlock. Pull the top cover down first, then close the front cover.



**16** Perform Startup, refer to Heading 6.1, PERFORM STARTUP for detailed instructions.

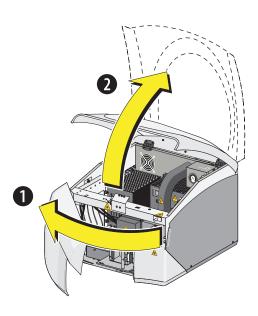
17 Perform Daily QC, refer to Heading 8.3, DAILY QC for detailed instructions.

### **10.6 CHANGING AN ARC LAMP EXCITATION FILTER**

For use with 365, 405, 435 nm Arc Lamp.

**1** Perform Shutdown, refer to Heading 6.3, PERFORM SHUTDOWN for detailed instructions.

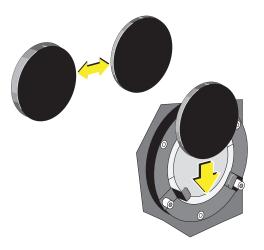
**2** Open the cover, refer to Heading 10.3, OPENING/CLOSING THE COVER for detailed instructions.



**3** Locate filter area.

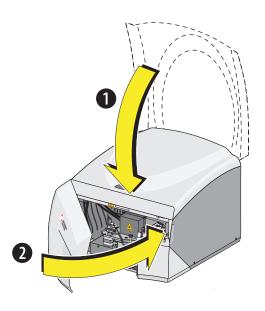


**4** Place selected Arc Lamp Excitation Filter in front of the Mercury Arc Lamp.



**5** Close the cover.

**CAUTION** Closing the front cover before the top cover can damage the covers and interrupt the laser interlock. Pull the top cover down first, then close the front cover.



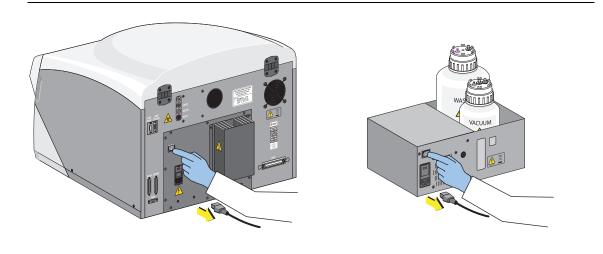
- **6** Perform Startup, refer to Heading 6.1, PERFORM STARTUP for detailed instructions.
- 7 Perform Daily QC, refer to Heading 8.3, DAILY QC for detailed instructions.

# **10.7 REPLACING THE FUSE**

Perform this procedure to replace a blown fuse. Prior to beginning this procedure, ensure that the power cord has been disconnected from the instrument, for details refer to Heading 10.2, INSTRUMENT QUICK DISCONNECT.

Fuse	Voltage Rating	Current Rating
1.25" MDL Time Delay Glass Fuse	100/120	6A
1.25" 3AG Slo-Blo Glass Fuse	220/240	3A
1.25" Slo-Blo Glass Fuse (for pump cabinet)	100/120	1A
1.25" Slo-Blo Glass Fuse (for pump cabinet)	220/240	.5A

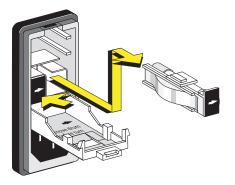
**1** Locate the power cord connection and remove power cord from instrument or pump cabinet.



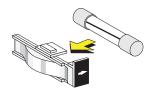
**2** Using a flat head screwdriver, open the fuse holder door by inserting in notch at the top of the holder.



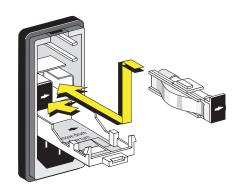
**3** Remove fuse to be replaced from the fuse holder.



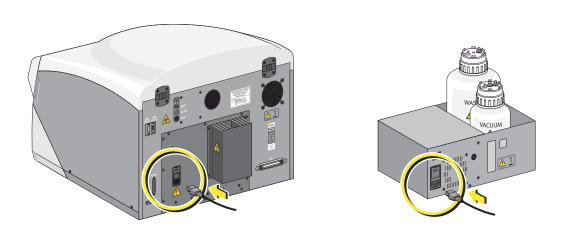
**4** Insert new fuse into holder.



**5** Replace fuse holder into the fuse module.



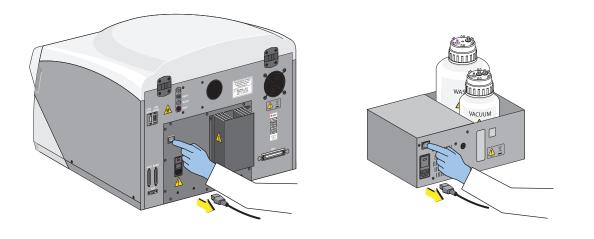
**6** Replace fuse holder door and reconnect power to the instrument.



### **10.8 ADJUSTING FUSE VOLTAGE**

Perform this procedure to adjust or change the fuse voltage for those countries operating outside of the 120 V AC. Prior to beginning this procedure, ensure that the power cord has been disconnected from the instrument, for details refer to Heading 10.2, INSTRUMENT QUICK DISCONNECT.

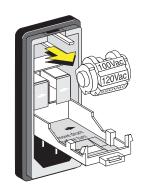
1 Locate the power cord connection and remove power cord from instrument.



**2** Using a flat head screwdriver, open the fuse holder door by inserting in notch at the top of the holder.



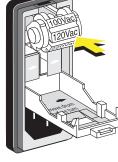
**3** Pull the voltage indicator out of the fuse holder.



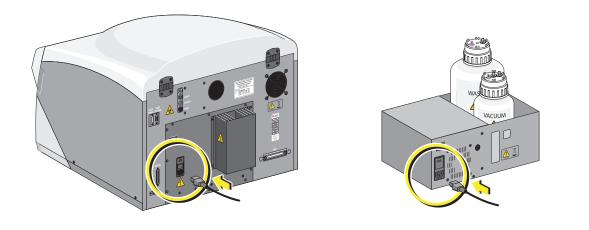
**4** Turn the voltage indicator to the appropriate voltage rate.

**5** Reinsert the voltage indicator in the fuse holder ensuring the correct voltage is displayed through the fuse holder window.





**6** Replace fuse holder door and reconnect power to the instrument.



### **11.1 SYSTEM CONNECTIONS**

There system is connected:

- from the PC to the instrument, monitor, and printer
- from the Analyzer to the Waste and Vacuum Bottles

For details regarding these connections, see:

- Figure 11.1, Cable Connections: Back of Instrument
- Figure 11.2, Cable Connections: Back of PC
- Figure 11.3, Cable Connections: Monitor
- Figure 11.4, Tubing Connections: Waste Bottle and Vacuum Bottle

#### Figure 11.1 Cable Connections: Back of Instrument

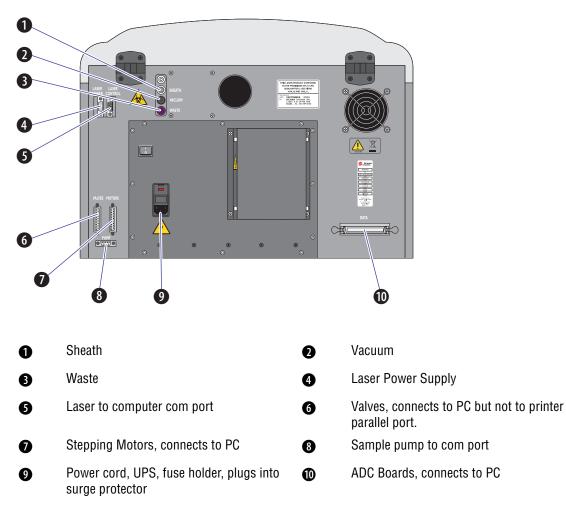


Figure 11.2 Cable Connections: Back of PC

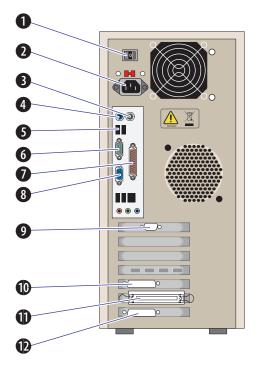
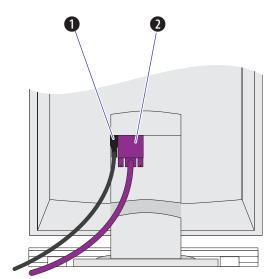
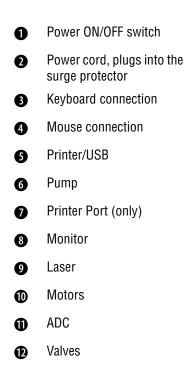
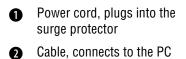
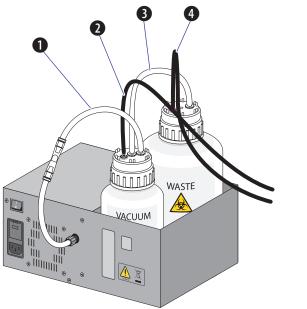


Figure 11.3 Cable Connections: Monitor

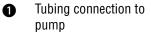








#### Figure 11.4 Tubing Connections: Waste Bottle and Vacuum Bottle

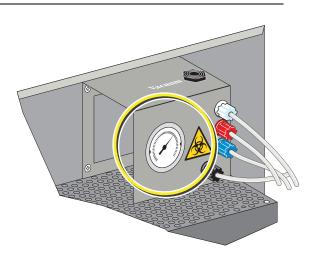


- 2 Tubing connection to vacuum to instrument
- 3 Tubing connection connects waste to vacuum bottles
- Tubing connection to
   waste from instrument

### **11.2 MONITOR VACUUM READINGS**

The vacuum monitoring occurs as part of the Start Up procedure. For detailed startup instructions refer to Heading 6.1, PERFORM STARTUP.

Ensure the vacuum gauge reads -10"Hg. Refer to Figure 1.12, Vacuum Regulator: Controls and Indicators for location of vacuum gauge.



### **11.3 ERROR MESSAGES**

See Table 11.1.

#### Table 11.1 Error Messages

Message	Probable Cause	<b>Recommended Corrective Action</b>
Metering Pump communications error	Cable is not plugged in, or not working properly. The power is off.	Check the cable, power.
Metering Pump error	Hardware Failure with the pump.	Initialize the pump.
Laser communication error	Cable is not plugged in, or not working properly. The power is off.	Check the cable, power.
Laser error	Hardware Failure with the Laser	Power down, power up.
ADC power on error	The system power is off	Turn on power
Software error	System lock-up.	Exit software, restart.
Yellow Warning Box	Waste Reservoirs full and/or Sheath Bottle empty.	Empty the Waste Reservoirs and/or Fill the Sheath Bottle.

### 11.4 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Table 11.2 provides a troubleshooting guide.

Table 11.2	Troubleshooting	Guide
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Problem Area	Situation	Suggested Action
Analysis	If the instrument stays at "Stabilizing" for more than 10 seconds:	Press Stabilizing button to end the stabilization process and to begin normal data collection.
	<ul> <li>discriminator value may be improperly set</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>gain value may be improperly set</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>insufficient sample volume</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>improper setting of the collection parameter has occurred.</li> </ul>	
Mercury Arc Lamp	Lamp did not ignite due to:	Press the lamp button until the lamp ignites. If ignition does not occur within 10 seconds, release lamp button.
	<ul> <li>lamp bulb is hot and must cool before reigniting</li> <li>lamp bulb is defective.</li> </ul>	
		Wait two to five seconds, press lamp button again and hold until the lamp ignites.
		If ignition does not occur within ten seconds, release the lamp button and repeate the above.

**IMPORTANT** Possible erroneous results if laser is operated with a laser base temperature  $>7^{\circ}C$  (45°C) above ambient. Operating the laser at a temperature  $>7^{\circ}C$  (45°C) above ambient may result in high HPCVs and CVs and/or the gain and voltage may have to be adjusted significantly from original settings.

**CAUTION** Possible damage or reduced bulb life expectancy if Mercury Arc Lamp is ignited when lamp is HOT. If the Mercury Arc Lamp is turned OFF for any reason, including brief power failures, the lamp must be allowed to cool before reignition. Wait at least 15-20 minutes before attempting to reignite Mercury Arc Lamp. Very high or unstable CVs or HPCVs may occur as the result of a damaged Mercury Arc Lamp.

Problem Area	Situation	Suggested Action
Performance	<ul> <li>If performance problems occur due to:</li> <li>Bubbles in tubings and erratic flow rate</li> <li>HPCV out of limits</li> <li>Unstable volume</li> <li>After running biologicals, high HPCV and unstable EV</li> <li>EV signal has lots of particles</li> <li>If signal appears on FL2 when running Arc Lamp.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>For all performance problems, perform Flush twice and then a Cleaning Cycle. If performance problems still persist:</li> <li>HPCV out of limits, perform an Optical Auto Alignment.</li> <li>High HPCV and unstable EV, soak flow cell in COULTER CLENZ for a minimum of two hours or overnight.</li> <li>EV signal has debris, try new sample cup.</li> <li>FL2 signal appears with Arc Lamp, ensure laser is OFF.</li> </ul>
Printer	Printer will not print	Refer to the printer manual provided by the printer manufacturer.
System	<ul> <li>System is not working due to:</li> <li>System locks up, not responding</li> <li>Cannot switch to Log or go back to Linear</li> <li>Vacuum pump will not turn on</li> <li>Loss of vacuum</li> <li>Power supply turns OFF.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>For all system problems, check al connections in Heading 11.1, SYSTEM CONNECTIONS. If system problems still persist:</li> <li>System lock ups and unable to switch to Log or Linear, exi software and restart</li> <li>Vacuum pump inactive, check vacuum pump fuses and replace if faulty</li> <li>Loss of vacuum, ensure waste container cap is tight.</li> <li>Power supply OFF, check instrument fuses and verify AC line is at the correct current setting.</li> </ul>

#### Table 11.2 Troubleshooting Guide (Continued)

- 1. Coulter WH. High speed automatic blood cell counter and cell size analyzer. Paper presented at National Electronics Conference, Chicago, IL, 1956; October 3.
- 2. Thomas, Richard A. et. al., NASA/American Cancer Society High-Resolution Flow Cytometry Project I, Cytometry 43-2-11 (2001).
- 3. Wen, Jinghai et. al., NASA/American Cancer Society High-Resolution Flow Cytometry Project II, Effect of pH and DAPI Concentration on Dual Parametric Analysis of DNA/DAPI Fluorescence Analysis and Electronic Volume, Cytometry 43-12-15 (2001).
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- 12. Cabana, Raquel, Kapoor, Venna, Vetale, Shameal, Telford, G., William, Thomas, Richard, Krishan, Awtar. 2004. Discrimination of the Hoechst Side Population in Mouse Bone Marrow Using a NPE Quanta Flow Cytometer Equipped with a Mercury Arc Lamp and Near-UV Laser Diode. ISAC Congress XXII.
- 13. Krishan, Awtar, Cabana, R., Elisa, Hamelik, Ronald. 2004. Flow Cytometric Analysis of Electronic Nuclear Volume and DNA Content of Cells in Human Body Fluids and Murine Normal Tissues. ISAC Congress XXII.
- Szabo, SE. ASTM D F2149-01, Standard Test Method for Automated Analyses of Cells -The Electrical Sensing Zone Method of Enumerating and Sizing Single Cell Suspensions. ASTM International. February, 2002.
- 15. England, JM; Rowan, RM; Coulter, WH; et. al., The assignment of values to fresh blood used for calibrating automated blood cell counters. Clin. la. Haemat. 1988. 10, 203-212.

- 16. DNA Cell Cycle Analysis with 4', 6-Diamidino-2Phenylindole (DAPI) or Propidium Iodide (PI) Nuclear Stains, PN A-2012A
- 17. Evaluation of Cellular Viability with Propidium Iodide or 7-Amino-Actinomycin D, PN A-2013A.
- 18. Evaluation of Apoptosis with Annexin V and Propidium Iodide or 7-Amino-Actinomycin D, PN A-2014A
- 19. Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP), PN A-2032A.

**Accuracy** - The ability of an instrument to agree with a predetermined reference value at any point within the operating range. Contrast with precision.

APC - Abbreviation for allophycocyanin dye.

**Arc lamp alignment beads -** Mercury Arc Lamp alignment is obtained by using these beads to insure proper alignment, optimal resolution and sensitivity with the systems optics.

**Arc lamp excitation filter -** Optical filter used to select the desired wavelength available from the Mercury Arc Lamp.

ASCII - Abbreviation for American Standard Code for Information Interchange. An ASCII file is a type of text file.

Assay values - Values for a control established by extensive repeat testing of that control.

Background count - Measure of the amount of electrical or particle interference.

BP filter - A band-pass optical filter that passes a band of wavelengths and blocks others.

Boost - Moving the sample from the sample loop to the flow cell.

Character - The smallest group of elements that makes a number, letter, or punctuation mark.

**Cleaning solution -** A detergent used to flush sample from tubing and minimize protein buildup.

Click - To press and release a mouse button.

**Coefficient of variation (CV%)** - A measure of the variability in signal intensity that is generated as particles pass repeatedly through the laser beam. This variability is expressed as a percentage of the average signal intensity.

Color compensation - The subtraction of:

- a percentage of the signal from one fluorescence light sensor from
- the signal from another fluorescence light sensor

to correct for the overlap of one dye's emission into another dye's emission measurement.

**Control** - A substance used to routinely monitor the performance of an analytical process that has the characteristic being measured (for example, Immuno-Trol<sup>TM</sup> cells or CYTO-TROL<sup>TM</sup> control cells).

**Controls and indicators** - Instrument controls are the mechanisms you use to communicate with the instrument. Indicators are the mechanisms the instrument uses to communicate with you.

Cytometer - The system component that analyzes the sample and contains the sheath fluid and cleaning agent bottles.

db - Abbreviation for decibels.

dc - Abbreviation for direct current.

**Defaults** - Original settings for the instrument. You can change them to customize the settings for your laboratory.

DiOC5(3) - Abbreviation for oxacarbocyanine dye.

**Discriminator** - A channel setting for a parameter that lets you ignore events below the setting. This lets you eliminate signals caused by debris.

**DL filter** - A dichroic, long-pass optical filter that directs light in different spectral regions to different detectors.

**Electronic Volume** (EV) - The signal produced as a particle passes through the flow cell resulting in an increased impedance to the current flow that is proportional to the volume of the particle.

Event - A particle passing through the laser beam.

**Export file** (\*.XLS) - File containing selectable statistics and other sample information from each sample run.

FC - Fluorescent Concentration is the amount of fluorescent light (FL1, FL2, FL3) divided by the Electronic Volume (EV).

FDA - Abbreviation for fluorescein diacetate dye.

FITC - Abbreviation for fluorescein isothiocyanate dye.

**FSD** - Fluorescent Surface Density is the amount of fluorescent light (FL1, FL2, FL3) divided by two-thirds root of the Electronic Volume (EV).

**Flow cell** - A device through which particles pass, in a stream of fluid, one at a time, through a laser beam.

**Flow cytometry** - A process for measuring the characteristics of cells or other biological particles as they pass through a measuring apparatus in a fluid stream.

Flow Cytometry Standard (FCS) - The flow cytometry data file standard that provides the specifications needed to completely describe flow cytometry data sets within the confines of the file containing the data.

**Fluorescent light** - The emission of electromagnetic radiation that occurs when the emitting body absorbs radiation from some other source. For example, when a fluorescent dye is excited (absorbs radiation), it emits fluorescent light at a wavelength that is different from the wavelength of the light that excited it.

Fluorescent light (FL1, FL2, and FL3) sensors (PMTs) - Collect the fluorescent light and generate voltage pulse signals. The 1 refers to the first fluorescence sensor; 2 the second; and so forth.

**Forward scatter (FS)** - The laser light scattered at narrow angles to the axis of the laser beam. The amount of forward scatter is proportional to the size of the cell that scattered the laser light.

Forward scatter (FS) sensor - Collects the forward scatter and generates voltage pulse signals.

**Gain** - The amount of amplification applied to a signal. In linear amplification, all of a sensor's signals are increased by the same amount. Contrast with logarithmic amplification.

Gating - The use of criteria that must be met before an event is included in a histogram.

GB - The abbreviation for gigabyte.

High voltage - Can be adjusted to change the sensitivity of a fluorescent light sensor.

Histogram - A graph showing the relative number and distribution of events.

HPCV - Half peak coefficient of variation

**Hydrodynamic focusing** - A process that focuses the sample stream through the flow cell. It ensures that cells move through the laser beam one at a time, along the same path.

Indicators - See Controls and Indicators.

**Integral signal** - A voltage pulse with height and area proportional to the total amount of fluorescent material in a cell.

Laser - Abbreviation for light amplification by stimulated emission of radiation.

Linear amplification - See gain.

Listmode data - A list of measurements from each cell.

**Listmode playback tool** - A tool used: 1) to replay 20-bit linear listmode data though new compensation settings, 2) for panel playback of listmode files, and 3) to replay AutoSetup listmode files to generate a new compensation file.

LiveGate - Listmode Gate used to exclude events from the raw (listmode) data.

**Logarithmic amplification** - A method of increasing the gain and dynamic range of a signal. A larger gain is applied to a sensor's smaller signals than to the sensor's larger signals. See also gain.

MB - Abbreviation for megabyte.

**Mean** - Arithmetic average of a group of data. See also standard deviation and coefficient of variation.

Menu - On a Workstation screen, a list of items from which you can choose.

**Mercury arc lamp** - High pressure lamp which emits ultraviolet light. The Mercury Arc Lamp also emits light at several wavelengths (365, 405, 434, 548 and 578 nm).

**Microscope focus** - Accurately adjusts the beam of light directly at the cells/particles in the flow stream which will then provide optimal resolution.

**Mouse** - A pointing device. The cursor on the Workstation screen moves as you slide the mouse on your desk or other flat surface.

**Neutral density (ND1) filter** - An optical filter that can be used with the forward scatter sensor to reduce the intensity of the forward scatter, thus enabling the instrument to analyze large particles without saturating the sensor.

NIM-DAPI - Nuclear Isolation Media - 4'6' Diamidino Z Phenyl Indol.

**Optical alignment -** focuses the light onto the flow cell to achieve maximum signal strength and optional HPCV values.

**Optical filters** - Mediums, such as glass, that separate fluorescent light by wavelength, which is measured in nanometers (nm). See also BK, BP, and DL filters.

**Parameter ratio analysis -** Displays a calculated parameter based on the ratio of two measured parameters.

PC7 - Abbreviation for phycoerythrin-cyanine tandem dye.

**Photomultiplier tube (PMT)** - A light-sensitive sensor that converts light energy into electrical current and generates a voltage pulse signal.

**Pop-up window** - A rectangular area that appears on top of the current screen displayed on the Workstation. You must close the window before you can use the current screen again.

**Power Supply** - The system component that provides direct current power, pressure, and vacuum to the Cytometer, and collects waste from the Cytometer.

**Precision** - Ability of an instrument to reproduce similar results when a sample is run repeatedly. Precision shows the closeness of test results when repeated analyses of the same material are performed. Also known as reproducibility. Contrast with accuracy.

**Printer** - An optional system component that provides a printout of sample results and other information.

**Protocol** - A set of instructions that tells the Cytometer what and how to acquire data and relay listmode data.

**Quality control (QC)** - A comprehensive set of procedures a laboratory sets up to ensure that an instrument is working accurately and precisely.

RD1 - Abbreviation for phycoerythrin dye.

Sample cup - Recptacle that holds the sample to be analyzed.

**Scroll bar** - The area on the left of a pop-up window. The bar's arrows let you move (scroll) the window's content up or down so that you can see other parts of it.

**Select** - To position the mouse cursor on an item, and then press and release a mouse button to choose that item.

**Sensitivity** - The ability of the instrument to distinguish very low levels of light scatter and fluorescence from background light or electronic noise.

Sheath fluid - A balanced electrolyte solution.

**Side scatter** - The amount of laser light scattered at about a 90° angle to the axis of the laser beam. The amount of side scatter is proportional to the granularity of the cell that scattered the laser light.

Side scatter (SS) sensor - Collects the side scatter and generates voltage pulse signals.

Standard deviation (SD) - A measure of difference from the mean. A measure of precision.

**Voltage pulse signals -** The signals that the forward scatter, side scatter, and fluorescence sensors generate. They are proportional to the intensity of light the sensor received.

**Workstation** - The system component that runs the software that lets you control the instrument. It displays sample results and other information.

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